

In case of discrepancies between the French and the English text,
the French text shall prevail

**Manual of electronic transmission for
the security by security reporting
of credit institutions
Information on assets held on behalf of
third parties - BOB**

Banque centrale du Luxembourg

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1 Introduction

This manual details the technical characteristics that must be employed for the electronic transmission of the security by security reporting regarding assets of credit institutions – Information on assets held on behalf of third parties.

The instructions concerning data collection are described in the document “Instructions for the security by security reporting on assets held on behalf of third parties by credit institutions”.

The aim of this manual is to describe the general principles of the reporting in XML format. The XML scheme as well as a technical documentation is available for download on the BCL's website. It is important to know that the design of the XML reporting scheme is based on a tree menu structure.

Data to be reported must not only satisfy general format checks but also inclusion into a code list. The choice of the code depends on the level of the data in the tree menu structure.

The scheme contains format constraints for the data, but it does not necessarily specify the validity of a code respecting the format. The nomenclature as well as the verification rules defined in this manual must be respected.

2 Transmission

2.1 Attribution of the file name

The file name structure is the following:

TPTBOB_aaaamm_Rrrrrrrr_Dddddddd_aaaammdd_nnn

where :

- TPT (*Titre Par Titre*) identifies the security by security reporting.
- BOB (Bank Off Balance sheet) identifies the data on assets held on behalf of third parties.
- aaaamm represents the year and the month data refers to.
- R identifies the type of the reporter.
The reporter is the entity that submits the data. Banks must use the letter B.
- rrrrrrrr allows the identification of the reporter
The identification numbers are allocated by the CSSF and/or the BCL. The digits on the left are equal to "0".
Example: Bank 999 is identified by 000000999.
- D identifies the type of *declarant*.
The declarant is the entity whose data is reported. Banks must use the letter B.
- dddddddd allows the identification of the *declarant*.
- Identification numbers are allocated by the CSSF and/or the BCL. The digits on the left are equal to "0".
Example: Bank 999 is identified by 000000999.
- aaaammdd is the creation date of the file.
- nnn is the sequential number of the file.
The sequential number of the file allows to separately identify files that are created on the same day for the same report. It should be noted that a new sequence must be started each day and that the sequential number starts at 001; thus 000 must not be used.

Example 1:

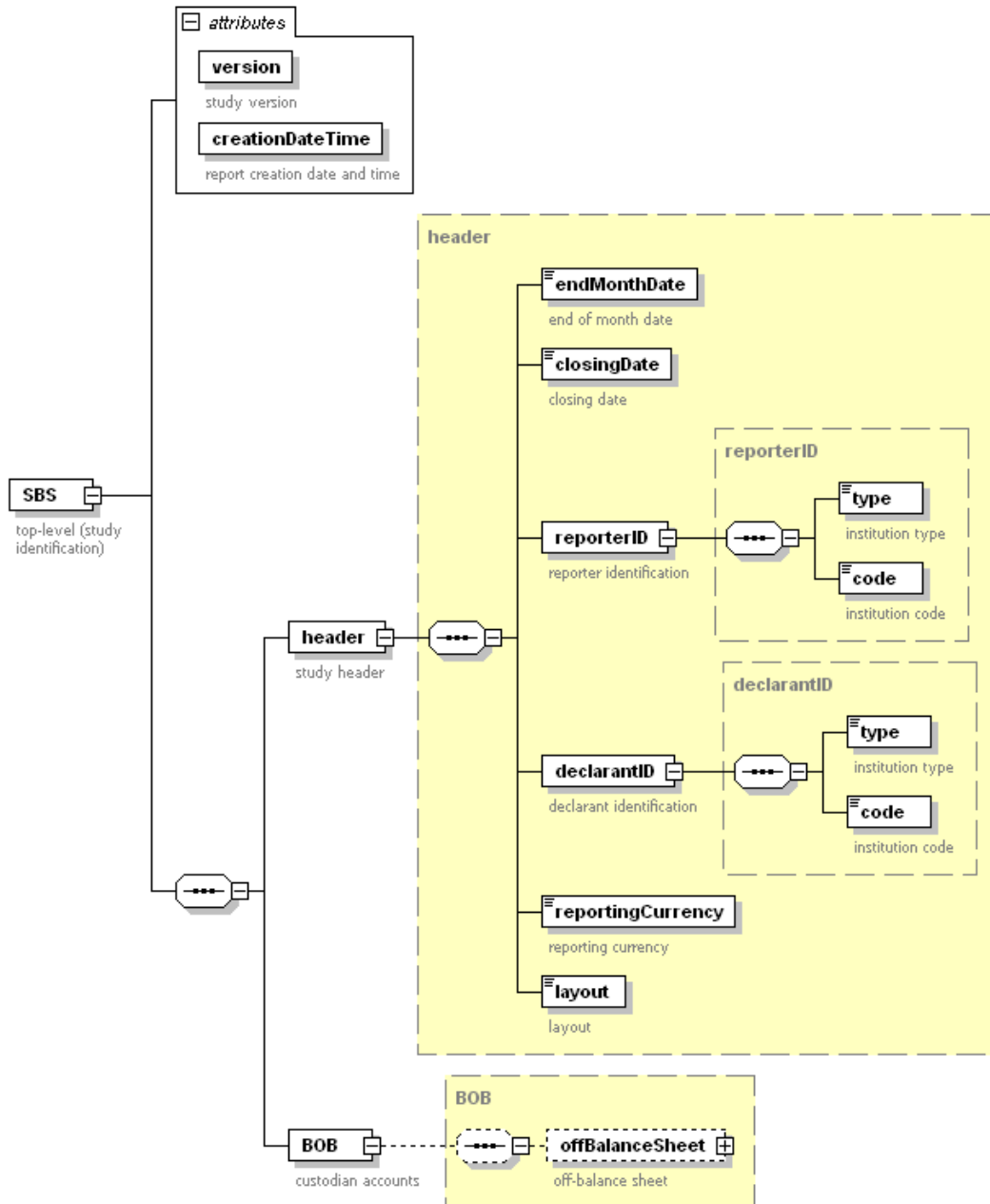
TPTBOB_201006_B000000999_B000000999_20100714_001.xml corresponds to the first file created on 14 July 2010, submitted by bank number 999 and data referring to bank number 999 for the reference period being June 2010.

2.2 Means of transmission

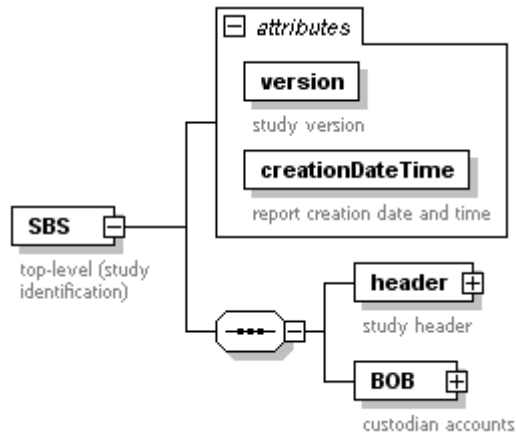
The BCL accepts the use of the current electronic transmission channels offered by Cetrel and Finesti. However, the BCL is also willing to accept a new secure transmission channel that would have to be proposed jointly by both, the BCL and the reporting agents.

3 Visualisation of the XML schema for the security by security reporting

3.1 Header

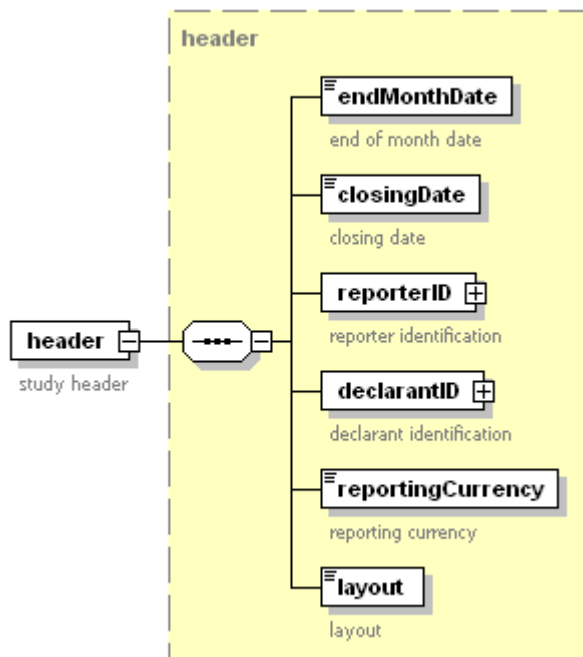


3.2 The attributes



The attribute (*version*) identifies the version of the XML scheme used for the reporting.
 The attribute (*creationDateTime*) identifies the creation date and the creation time of the report.

3.3 The branch Header



The date of the end of the reference month (*endMonthDate*) corresponds to the last day of the month the data relates to.

The closing date (*closingDate*) corresponds to the date of data compilation.

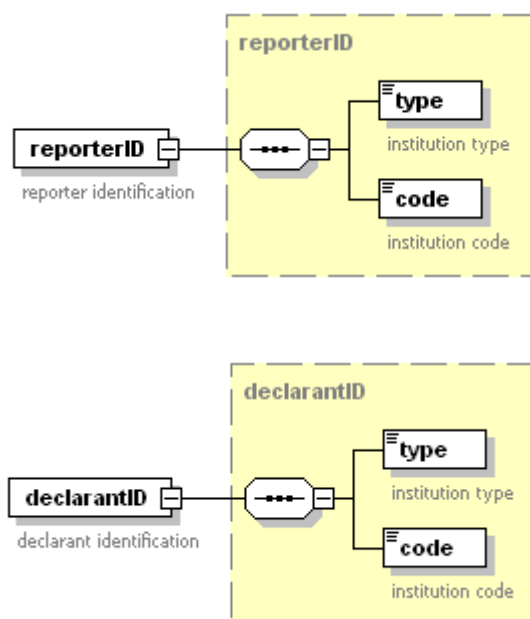
Example:

For instance, for the security by security reporting of October 2010:

- The end of month date is 31.10.2010
- The closure date may for instance be 29.10.2010

Indeed, since the 31 October 2010 is a Sunday, the data is in principle compiled the last preceding working day, in this case, the 29 October 2010.

The identification of the reporter (*reporterID*) and of the *declarant* (*declarantID*) include both the type of the identification number (*type*) and the identification number (*code*).



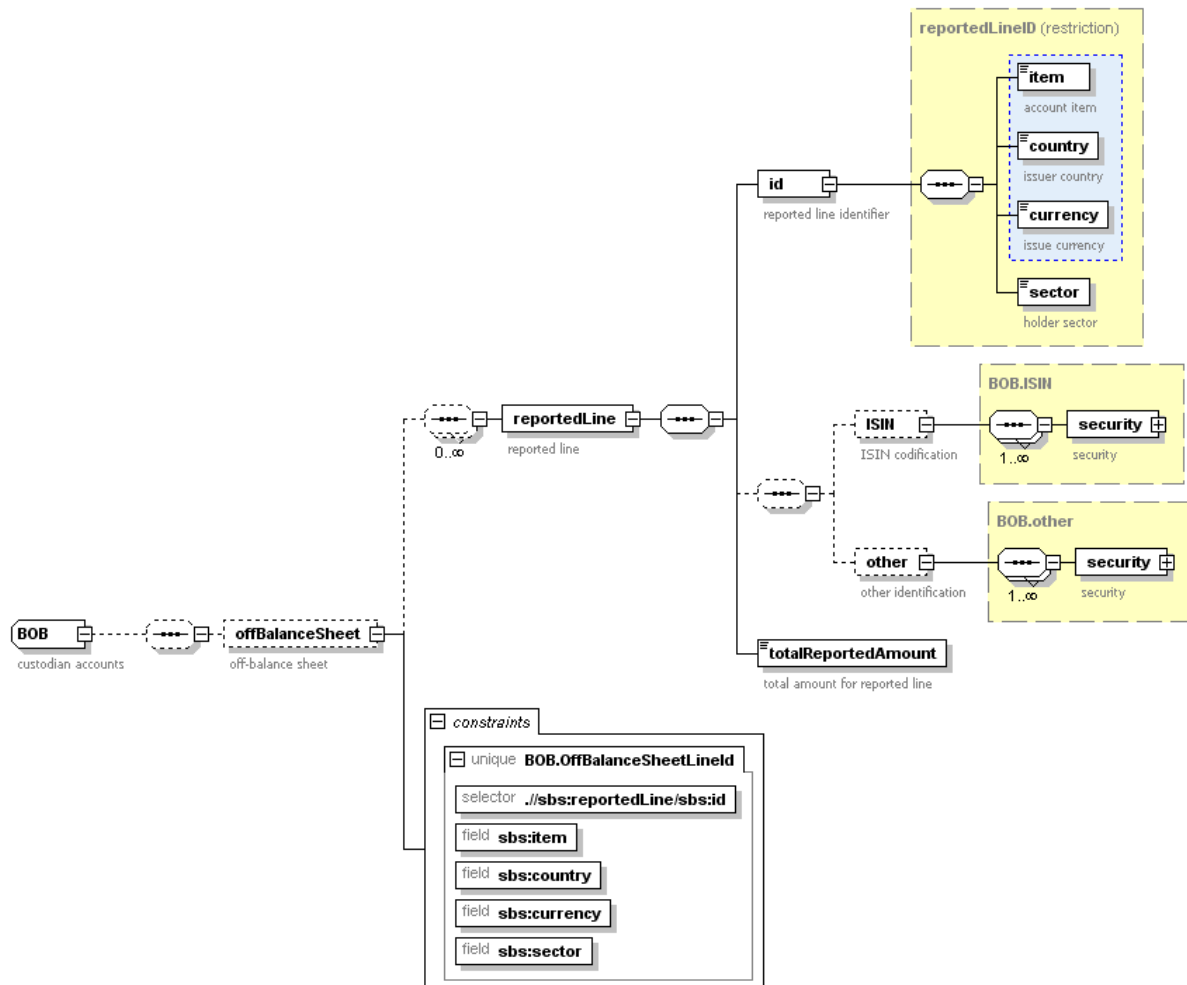
The association of number types and authorised values are:

Type	Code
23	Number allocated by the CSSF to banks

The currency of the reporting (*reportingCurrency*) must be the accounting currency notably the currency used for establishing the balance sheet of the credit institution.

The layout (*layout*) indicates the version number of the security by security report. The security by security that enters into ~~is currently in~~ force in June 2010 will be ~~is the first the~~ **second** version of this report which means that the layout is «01».

3.3.1 The line



The line (*reportedLine*) is identified by the item (*item*), the country (*country*), the currency (*currency*) and the sector (*sector*).

Identification of the line:

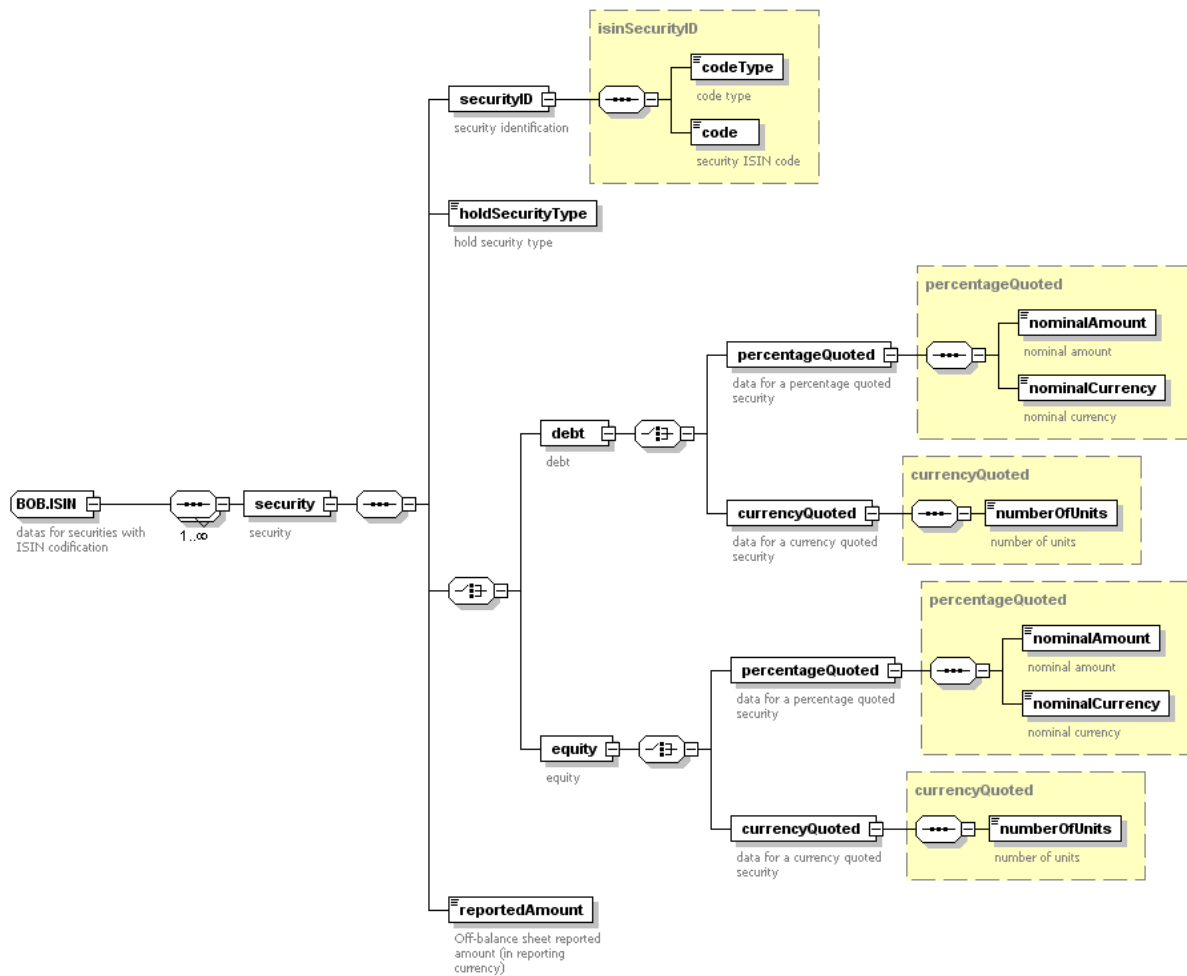
- The accounting item is by default 3-070
- The country must be by default XX
- The currency must be by default XXX
- The sector code follows a nomenclature defined by the BCL

Reporting agents must refer to reporting instructions of the security by security reporting on assets held on behalf of third parties in order to report only the accounting items as well as the country, currency and sector that are requested by the reporting instructions of the security by security reporting on assets held on behalf of third parties by credit institutions.

The amount reported (*reportedAmount*) corresponds to the amount (sum of the individual lines) reported in the former off-balance sheet under the same line identifier. All amounts are expressed in the currency of the balance sheet (*reportingCurrency*).

The developments of the branches «ISIN» and «Other» are presented in the following paragraphs.

3.3.2 Securities identified by an ISIN number



For securities identified by an ISIN number, the security identification (*securityID*) is composed of:

- The type of the code (*codeType*) that takes inevitably the value 1.
- The number of the ISIN code.

The ISIN number must comply with a given format (2 letters and 9 alphanumeric characters as well as 1 numerical character). The respect of this format is checked through the XML scheme. This ISIN number must also satisfy a control via the check of its digital key.

The following types of holding (*holdSecurityType*) are allowed:

- 01
- 02
- 03
- 05

The nominal amount (*nominalAmount*) is expressed in the currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*) according to the ISO 4217 codification.

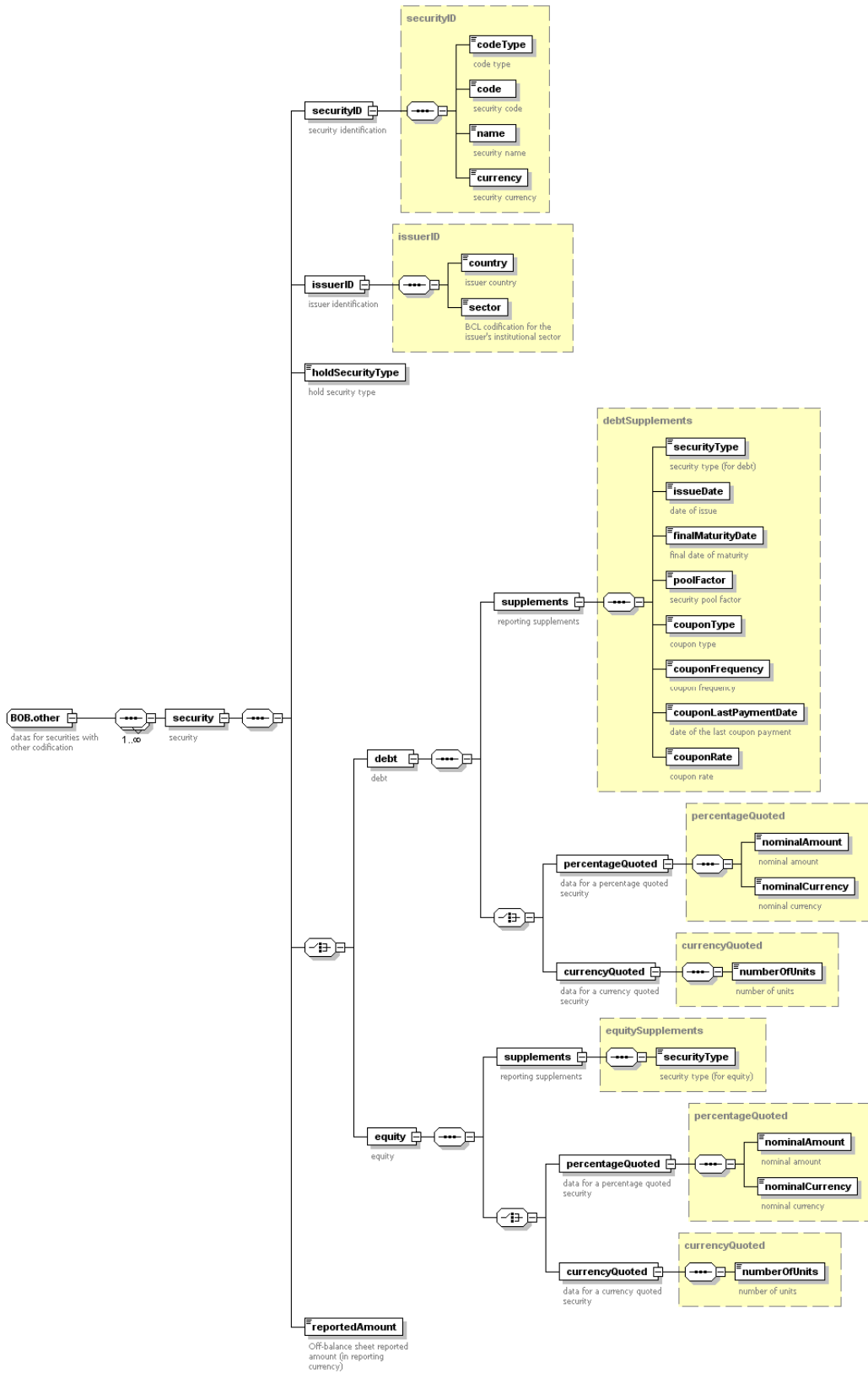
The number of units (*numberOfUnits*) corresponds to the number of individual securities, regardless of the negotiation quota lot (trading lot).

The reported amount (*reportedAmount*) is expressed in the currency of the balance sheet (*reportingCurrency*). This amount must always be positive except for securities reported with the type of holding «05».

Remark:

- In the case of short sales, the nominal amount or the number of units must also be negative

3.3.3 Securities not identified by an ISIN number



For securities that are not identified by an ISIN code or identified by another code, the security identification (*securityID*) is composed of:

- The type of the code (*codeTyp*) that takes inevitably the value 2
- The internal code used by the declarant to identify the security (*code*)
- The name of the security (*name*)
- The currency of the security (*currency*)

The following types of holding (*holdSecurityType*) are allowed:

- 01
- 02
- 03
- 05

The nominal amount (*nominalAmount*) is expressed in the currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*) according to the ISO 4217 codification.

The number of units (*numberOfUnits*) corresponds to the number of individual securities, regardless of the negotiation quota lot (trading lot).

The reported amount (*reportedAmount*) is expressed in the currency of the balance sheet (*reportingCurrency*). This amount must always be positive except for securities reported with the type of holding «05».

Remark:

- In the case of short sales, the nominal amount or the number of units must also be negative

The identification of the issuer is based on the two following elements:

- The country of the issuer
The country code of the issuer must be in line with ISO 3166 codification, completed by the specific codes for international institutions as defined by the BCL in the document «Definitions and concepts for the statistical reporting of credit institutions».

It is important to mention that the use of code «XX» without breakdown is not permitted.

- The economic sector of the issuer

The economic sector of the issuer must be in line with the list of sectors as defined on page 49 in the document «Definitions and concepts for the statistical reporting of credit institutions».

It is important to mention that the use of code «90000» without breakdown is not permitted.

The supplementary data for debt securities branch (*debt*):

- The security type (*securityType*) must take the value F.33 for the branch of securities other than shares (*debt*).
- The issue date (*issueDate*) must be prior to the final maturity (*finalMaturityDate*).
- The “pool factor” represents the percentage of the amounts that remain to be repaid. It is used in the context of securitisation of assets with progressive repayments. Its value is positive or zero. Where the pool factor includes accrued interests, its value could be higher than 1. Its value decreases as repayments occur to 0 at final maturity. For securities repaid only at the final maturity, the value of the pool factor is 1.
- If no coupon payment has occurred, the last coupon payment date (*couponLastPaymentDate*) is the issue date.
- The coupon rate (*couponRate*) is the one in force at the reporting date.

The supplementary data for the branch of shares and other equity (*equity*):

- The type of security (*SecurityType*) may take the following values:
 - F.511 for quoted shares
 - F.512 for unquoted shares
 - F.52 for shares/units of UCIs

4 Format of variables in the XML file

Variables	xml format	Maximum	Pattern / Facets	Example
creationDateTime	datetime		YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss	2010-10-29T23:59:59
<u>header</u>				
endMonthDate	date		YYYY-MM-DD	2010-10-31
closingDate	date		YYYY-MM-DD	2010-10-29
reporterID/type	string	2 characters	[0-9]{2}	23
reporterID/code	string	30 characters		999
declarantID/type	string	2 characters	[0-9]{2}	23
declarantID/code	string	30 characters		999
reportingCurrency	string	3 characters	[A-Z]{3}	EUR
<u>reportedLine/Id</u>				
item	string	5 characters	3-070 by default	3-070
country	string	2 characters	XX by default	XX
currency	string	3 characters	XXX by default	XXX
sector	string	5 characters	[0-9]{5}	42212
<u>reportedLine/ISIN</u>				
securityID/codeType	integer		1, 2	1
securityID/code	string	12 characters	[A-Z]{2}[A-Z0-9]{9}[0-9]{1}	US870200CA83

Variables	xml format	Maximum	Pattern / Facets	Example
holdSecurityType	string	2 characters	[0-9]{2} 01, 02, 03, 05	01
percentageQuoted/nominalAmount	decimal	5 decimals		1000000
percentageQuoted/nominalCurrency	string	3 characters	[A-Z]{3}	USD
currencyQuoted/numberOfUnits	decimal	5 decimals		7000
reportedAmount	decimal	5 decimals		1234567.89012
<u>reportedLine/other</u>				
securityID/codeType	integer		1, 2	2
securityID/code	string	20 characters		CD0001
securityID/name	string	1024 characters		Certificat dépôt 1.5% 10/2010
securityID/currency	string	3 characters	[A-Z]{3}	USD
issuerID/country	string	2 characters	[A-Z]{2}	US
issuerID/sector	string	5 characters	[0-9]{5}	42220
holdSecurityType	string	2 characters	[0-9]{2} 01, 02, 03, 04, 05	01
percentageQuoted/nominalAmount	decimal	5 decimals		1000000
percentageQuoted/nominalCurrency	string	3 characters	[A-Z]{3}	USD
currencyQuoted/numberOfUnits	decimal	5 decimals		7000
reportedAmount	decimal	5 decimals		1234567.89012



Variables	xml format	Maximum	Pattern / Facets	Example
<u>debt/supplements</u>				
securityType	string	5 characters	F.33	F.33
issueDate	date		YYYY-MM-DD	2005-03-31
finalMaturityDate	date		YYYY-MM-DD	2025-03-31
poolFactor	percentage	9 decimals	>= 0	1
couponType	string	2 characters	[0-9]{2} 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 99	01
couponFrequency	string	2 characters	[0-9]{2} 01, 02, 03, 04, 06, 12, 24, 99	01
couponLastPaymentDate	date		YYYY-MM-DD	2009-06-30
couponRate	decimal	9 decimals		3.125
<u>equity/Supplements</u>				
securityType	string	5 characters	F.511, F.512, F.52	F.511
totalreportedAmount	decimal	5 decimals		25562485.256

- The *datetime* format is used to specify a date and a time: YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss
where:
YYYY indicates the year, MM indicates the month, DD indicates the day
T indicates the start of the required time section
hh indicates the hour, mm indicates the minute, ss indicates the second
- The *date* format is used to specify a date: YYYY-MM-DD
where:
YYYY indicates the year, MM indicates the month, DD indicates the day

Detailed information on xml standard is available on the web site under the following address: <http://www.w3schools.com/>