

In case of discrepancies between the French and the English text, the French text shall prevail

Report TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations »

Banque centrale du Luxembourg



Contents

1	In	trodu	ction	3
	1.1	Rep	orting population	3
	1.2	Fred	quency and reporting deadlines	3
2	В	asic p	orinciples	4
	2.1	Defi	nitions and concepts	4
3	Securities subject to the reporting		4	
	3.1	Ass	ets	4
	3.2	Liab	ilities	4
4	R	eport	ing of operations	5
	4.1	The	balance sheet line	5
	4.2	The	identification code of the security	5
	4.3	The	identification of the issuer	6
	4.4	The	type of securities holdings	7
	4.5	The	quantity of securities	8
	4.6	The	supplementary information	8
	4.	6.1	Debt securities held or issued	8
	4.	6.2	Equity and investment fund shares/units held	11
	4.	6.3	Loans - Short sales of securities	12
	4.	6.4	Capital (Equity, shares and units issued)	14
	4.7	The	amount	15
5	In	forma	ation to be provided	16
	5.1	Gen	eral information	16
	5.2	Spe	cific information	16
	5.	2.1	Debt securities held – item 1-003000	16
	5.	2.2	Equity and investment fund shares/units - item 1-005000	18
	5.	2.3	Loans - Short sales of securities - item 2-002050	20
	5.	2.4	Debt securities issued - item 2-003000	24
	5.	2.5	Capital (Equity, shares and units issued) - item 2-005000	26



1 Introduction

1.1 Reporting population

The security by security reporting must be provided by a sample of insurance corporations that is established by the BCL and revised on a yearly basis.

The BCL informs the insurance corporations which are required to provide the security by security reporting.

1.2 Frequency and reporting deadlines

The security by security reporting must be provided to the BCL on a monthly basis at the latest 20 working days following the end of the period to which it relates.

The exact reporting dates for the security by security reporting are published on the website of the BCL (http://www.bcl.lu).

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



2 Basic principles

2.1 Definitions and concepts

The definitions and concepts used for the security by security reporting are described in the document «Definitions and concepts for the statistical reporting of insurance corporations » that apply to the statistical reporting of insurance corporations.

3 Securities subject to the reporting

The definitions and concepts for the security by security reporting are those applied for the establishment of the quarterly statistical reporting of insurance corporations. The modifications to the definitions and concepts are automatically applicable to the security by security reporting.

The securities to be included in the security by security reporting are those reported in the following lines of the statistical balance sheets S2.18-L layout 0:

3.1 Assets

- 1-003000 Debt securities held
- 1-005000 Equity and investment fund shares/units held

3.2 Liabilities

- 2-002050 Loans Short sales of securities
- 2-003000 Debt securities issued
- 2-005000 Capital (equity, shares and units issued)

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



4 Reporting of operations

4.1 The balance sheet line

Each security provided in the security by security reporting must be identified by the corresponding balance sheet line of the statistical balance sheet:

Report S 2.18-L Quarterly statistical balance sheet of insurance corporations –
 Luxembourg entitiy

The identification of a balance sheet line is composed of:

- the sub-table of the balance sheet
- the item of the balance sheet
- the country code
- the currency code
- the economic sector code

For example, the balance sheet line 1-003000-XX-XXX-90000 of report S2.18-L "Quarterly statistical balance sheet of insurance corporations" represents the Debt securities held by insurance corporations.

4.2 The identification code of the security

The securities are identified by a code. In this context, the reporting of an ISIN code (ISO 6166) has a priority over any other code.

The identification code type of the security indicates whether the identification code is an ISIN code or any other code (either internal or external such as CUSIP for instance).

In the security by security reporting, the security type is identified by a code:

Code	Security type
1	Securities with ISIN code
2	Securities without ISIN code

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



The provisional and/or pseudo ISIN codes must not be considered as being valid ISIN codes. In particular, ISIN codes starting with the letter Q or X are not valid (with the exception of the codes XS and QA which are potentially valid).

If a security has a provisional and/or pseudo code, it must not be reported as being a security with a valid ISIN code and must consequently not be reported with the code type (codeType) «1».

Hence, these securities must be reported with the code type (*codeType*) «2» as applicable to securities without an ISIN code. Thus, the entire set of additional information requested for securities not identified by an ISIN code must be reported in the file.

Remarks:

- internal codes developed on the basis of the characteristics of ISIN codes must not be reported as ISIN codes
- the identification code of the security must be consistent with the type of code
- the ISIN codes must pass the check via the key

4.3 The identification of the issuer

It has to be mentioned that the identification of the issuer must only be provided for securities without an ISIN code.

The identification of the issuer consists of the following two elements:

the country of the issuer

The country code of the issuer must be in line with ISO 3166 codification, completed by the specific codes for supranational institutions as defined by the BCL in the document "Definitions and concepts for the statistical reporting of insurance corporations".

It is important to mention that the use of code «XX» No breakdown is not permitted.

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



the economic sector of the issuer

The code for the economic sector of the issuer must be in line with the list of sectors as defined in the document "Definitions and concepts for the statistical reporting of insurance corporations".

It is important to mention that the use of code «90000» No breakdown is not permitted.

4.4 The type of securities holdings

The type of holding permits to avoid double counting or missing data.

The concept of the economic holder is applied to statistics.

This implies that a resident who has lent securities is considered as being the holder of these securities.

The same applies to a resident selling securities via a repurchase agreement.

On the other hand, if a resident borrows securities or buys securities within the framework of a repurchase agreement, he is not considered as being the holder of these securities. Furthermore, short sales of securities must be reported as such in order to avoid double counting.

In the security by security reporting, the type of holding is identified by a code:

Code	Type of holding
01	Securities held and not affected by a temporary transfer
02	Securities lent
03	Securities sold in a repurchase agreement
04	Securities issued
05	Short sales of securities

Remark:

 Securities received in a repurchase agreement as well as securities borrowed are not reported as securities on the balance sheet and, therefore, must not be reported.

January 2016



4.5 The quantity of securities

The quantity of securities is determined in accordance with the type of securities.

Thus, a distinction is made between:

Percentage quoted

In nominal capital (face value) for securities other than shares quoted in percentage points of the nominal value.

The currency of the nominal must be reported in order to indicate the currency in which the nominal capital is expressed.

The «pool factor» must not be taken into account for the valuation of the nominal.

Currency quoted

In number of securities for all other securities.

The nominal capital and the nominal currency must not be reported if the quantity is expressed in number of securities.

Remark:

 The fact that securities are traded by trading lots must not be taken into consideration for the determination of the quantity. The number of individual securities must be reported independently from the trading lot that is negotiated on the market.

4.6 The supplementary information

The supplementary information must only be provided for securities that are not identified by an ISIN code and varies according to the following factors:

- debt securities held or issued
- equity and investment funds shares/units held
- Loans -Short sales of securities
- Capital (equity, shares and units issued)

4.6.1 Debt securities held or issued

The following information must be provided.

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



4.6.1.1 The security type

In the security by security reporting, the security type is identified by a code:

Code	Security type
F.3	Debt securities

4.6.1.2 The issue date

The day, month and year of the security's issue must be provided.

4.6.1.3 The final maturity date

The day, month and year of the security's final maturity must be provided.

Remark:

• For perpetual bonds, the final maturity date is not defined. For this type of security, the date 01.01.2999 must be reported.

4.6.1.4 The «pool factor»

The pool factor represents the percentage of amounts that remain to be repaid. It is used in the context of securitisation of assets with progressive repayments. Its value is higher than zero. When the pool factor includes accrued interest, its value could be higher than 1. Its value decreases as repayments occur and it should be 0 at final maturity. For securities repaid only at the final maturity, the value of the pool factor is 1.

Remark:

If the «pool factor» is not applicable to a security other than a share, the default value
 1 must be reported.

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



4.6.1.5 The coupon type

The coupon type distinguishes fixed, progressive, floating, zero, index linked and other coupons.

For the security by security reporting, the coupon type is identified by a code:

Code	Coupon type
01	fixed
02	progressive
03	floating
04	zero coupon
05	index linked
99	other

4.6.1.6 The coupon frequency

The coupon frequency is defined by the number of coupons per year.

For the security by security reporting, the coupon frequency is identified by a code:

Code	Coupon frequency
00	zero coupon
01	annual
02	semi annual
04	quarterly
06	bi-monthly
12	monthly
24	fortnightly
99	other

4.6.1.7 The date of the last coupon payment

The date of the last coupon payment must detail the day, the month and the year.

Remark:

January 2016

Page 10



If no coupon payment has been made, the date for the last coupon payment to be considered is the issue date. This is the case, in particular, for zero coupons.

4.6.1.8 The coupon rate

The coupon rate is the prevailing annualised rate at the reporting date expressed in percentage. For instance, the value to be reported for an annualised coupon rate of 5.5% is 5.5.

4.6.2 Equity and investment fund shares/units held

The following information must be provided.

4.6.2.1 The security type

The security type distinguishes between the following types:

- quoted shares
- unquoted shares
- other equity
- shares/units of investment funds

In the security by security reporting, the security type is identified by a code:

Code	Security type
	Shares and other equity
F.511	Quoted shares
F.512	Unquoted shares
F.519	Other equity
F.52	Shares/units of investment funds

Remark:

Other equity (F.519) includes mainly:

equity in incorporated partnerships subscribed by unlimited partners (SCA: France,
 KG: Germany, Sapa: Italia ...)

January 2016

Page 11



 equity in limited liability companies (for instance: BV: Netherlands, GmbH: Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, LCC: USA, Ltd.: United Kingdom, Ireland, SARL: France, Luxembourg, Switzerland, SRL: Spain, Italia ...)

4.6.3 Loans - Short sales of securities

The following information must be provided.

4.6.3.1 The security type

In the security by security reporting, the security type is identified by a code:

Code	Security type
F.3	Debt securities
F.511	Quoted shares
F.512	Unquoted shares
F.519	Other equity
F.52	Investment fund shares/units

Remark:

Other equity (F.519) includes mainly:

- equity in incorporated partnerships subscribed by unlimited partners (SCA: France,
 KG: Germany, Sapa: Italia ...)
- equity in limited liability companies (for instance: BV: Netherlands, GmbH: Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, LCC: USA, Ltd.: United Kingdom, Ireland, SARL: France, Luxembourg, Switzerland, SRL: Spain, Italia ...)

4.6.3.2 The issue date

The day, month and year of the security's issue must be provided.

4.6.3.3 The final maturity date

The day, month and year of the security's final maturity must be provided.

Remark:

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



• For perpetual bonds, the final maturity date is not defined. For this type of security, the date 01.01.2999 must be reported.

4.6.3.4 The «pool factor»

The pool factor represents the percentage of amounts that remain to be repaid. It is used in the context of securitisation of assets with progressive repayments. Its value is higher than zero. When the pool factor includes accrued interest, its value could be higher than 1. Its value decreases as repayments occur and it should be 0 at final maturity. For securities repaid only at the final maturity, the value of the pool factor is 1.

Remark:

If the "pool factor" is not applicable to a security other than a share, the default value 1 must be reported.

4.6.3.5 The coupon type

The coupon type distinguishes fixed, progressive, floating, zero, index linked and other coupons.

For the security by security reporting, the coupon type is identified by a code:

Code	Coupon type
01	fixed
02	progressive
03	floating
04	zero coupon
05	index linked
99	other

4.6.3.6 The coupon frequency

The coupon frequency is defined by the number of coupons per year.

For the security by security reporting, the coupon frequency is identified by a code:

January 2016
Page 13



Code	Coupon frequency
00	zero coupon
01	annual
02	semi annual
04	quarterly
06	bi-monthly
12	monthly
24	fortnightly
99	other

4.6.3.7 The date of the last coupon payment

The date of the last coupon payment must detail the day, the month and the year.

4.6.3.8 The coupon rate

The coupon rate is the prevailing annualised rate at the reporting date expressed in percentage. For instance, the value to be reported for an annualised coupon rate of 5.5% is 5.5.

Remark:

If no coupon payment has been made, the date for the last coupon payment to be considered is the issue date. This is the case, in particular, for zero coupons.

4.6.4 Capital (Equity, shares and units issued)

The following information must be provided.

4.6.4.1 The security type

The security type distinguishes between the following two types:

- quoted shares
- unquoted shares
- other equity

In the security by security reporting, the security type is identified by a code:

January 2016

Page 14



Code	Security type
	Shares and other equity
F.511	Quoted shares
F.512	Unquoted shares
F.519	Other equity

Remark:

Other equity (F.519) includes mainly:

- equity in incorporated partnerships subscribed by unlimited partners (SCA: France, KG: Germany, Sapa: Italia ...)
- equity in limited liability companies (for instance: BV: Netherlands, GmbH: Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, LCC: USA, Ltd.: United Kingdom, Ireland, SARL: France, Luxembourg, Switzerland, SRL: Spain, Italia ...)

4.7 The amount

The amount reported in the balance sheet must be expressed in the accounting currency of the balance sheet, with a sufficient number of decimals in order to ensure that the totals correspond to the sum of the amounts to the nearest whole unit.

As a rule, quoted securities are valued at the price prevailing on the stock exchange at the end of the reporting date. The valuation of securities other than shares must be done using the *«dirty price»*, i.e. including the amount of the accrued interest since the last coupon payment.

The amount must be reported for each security. Furthermore, a total amount must be reported for each line of the balance sheet. This total amount is the sum of the amounts reported for all the securities included in a given line of the balance sheet.

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



5 Information to be provided

Each insurance corporation must submit a monthly file that includes the following general and specific information.

5.1 General information

The general information that must be provided in all the security by security files concerns:

- the end of month date to which the reporting refers
- the closing date
- the identification of the entity in charge of the reporting (the *«reporter»*)
- the identification of the insurance corporation for which positions are reported (the «declarant»)
- the reporting currency

5.2 Specific information

The information to be provided differs for securities recorded under assets and/or liabilities as well as for securities with or without an ISIN code.

5.2.1 Debt securities held – item 1-003000

The information to be provided varies for securities with or without an ISIN code.

5.2.1.1 Common information for securities with or without an ISIN code

The following information must be provided for each security:

- balance sheet line (reportedLine)
 - item (item)
 - country (country)
 - currency (currency)
 - economic sector (sector)
- type of holding (holdSecurityType)
- reported amount (reportedAmount)

January 2016



5.2.1.2 Information for securities with an ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - type of code (codeType)
 The type of code must be «1».
 - + ISIN number (code)
- The following information must be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - Debt security (*debt*)
 - + nominal capital (*nominalAmount*)
 - + currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*)
- The following data must be provided for securities quoted in number of units:
 - Debt security (*debt*)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

5.2.1.3 Information for securities without an ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - + type of code (codeType)
 - The type of code must be «2».
 - identification code (code)
 In this case, it is an internal code given by the reporting agent.
 - + name of the security (*name*)
 - + currency of the security (*currency*)
 - identification of the issuer (issuerID)
 - + country of the issuer (*country*)
 - + sector of the issuer (sector)
 - the supplementary information (supplements)
 - type of security (securityType)
 The type of security must be «F.3»
 - + date of issue (issueDate)
 - + date of final maturity (finalMaturityDate)
 - + pool factor (*poolFactor*)
 - + type of coupon (couponType)

January 2016



- + coupon frequency (couponFrequency)
- payment date of the last coupon (lastCouponDate)
- + coupon rate (couponRate)
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - Debt security (*debt*)
 - + nominal capital (nominalAmount)
 - + currency of the nominal (nominalCurrency)
- The following data must be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - Debt security (*debt*)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

5.2.1.4 Information for the balance sheet line

The following information must be provided for the balance sheet line:

sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount)

It is important to mention that the sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount) must be equal to the sum of the amounts (reportedAmount) reported for individual securities recorded in the same balance sheet line.

5.2.2 Equity and investment fund shares/units - item 1-005000

The information to be provided varies for securities with or without an ISIN code.

5.2.2.1 Common information for securities with or without an ISIN code

The following information must be provided for each security:

- balance sheet line (reportedLine)
 - item (*item*)
 - country (country)
 - currency (*currency*)

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



- economic sector (sector)
- type of holding (holdSecurityType)
- reported amount (reportedAmount)

5.2.2.2 Information for securities with ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - type of code (codeType)
 The type of code must be «1».
 - + ISIN number (code)
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - shares and other equity (*equity*)
 - + nominal capital (nominalAmount)
 - + currency of the nominal (nominalCurrency)
- The following data must be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - shares and other equity (*equity*)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

5.2.2.3 Information for securities without an ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - + type of code (codeType)
 - The type of code must be «2».
 - + identification code (code)
 - In this case, it is an internal code given by the reporting agent.
 - + name of the security (*name*)
 - + currency of the security (currency)
 - identification of the issuer (issuerID)
 - + country of the issuer (country)
 - + sector of the issuer (sector)

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



- supplementary information (supplements)
 - + type of security (securityType)
 The type of security must be «F.511» for quoted shares, «F.512» for unquoted shares, «F.519» for other equity or «F.52» for shares/units of investment funds.
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - shares and other equity (equity)
 - + nominal capital (nominalAmount)
 - + currency of the nominal (nominalCurrency)
- The following data must be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - shares and other equity (*equity*)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

5.2.2.4 Information for the balance sheet line

The following information must be provided for the balance sheet line:

sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount)

It is important to mention that the sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount) must be equal to the sum of the amounts (reportedAmount) reported for the individual securities recorded in the same balance sheet line.

5.2.3 Loans - Short sales of securities - item 2-002050

The information to be provided varies for securities with or without ISIN code.

5.2.3.1 Common information for securities with or without an ISIN code

The following information must be provided for each security:

- balance sheet line (reportedLine)
 - item (item)
 - country (country)
 - currency (*currency*)

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



- economic sector (sector)
- type of holding (holdSecurityType)
- reported amount (reportedAmount)

5.2.3.2 Information for debt securities with an ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - type of code (codeType)The type of code must be «1».
 - + ISIN number (code)
- The following information must be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - Debt securities (*debt*)
 - + nominal capital (nominalAmount)
 - + currency of the nominal (nominalCurrency)
- The following data must be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - Debt securities (debt)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

5.2.3.3 Information for equities and investment fund shares with ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - type of code (codeType)
 The type of code must be «1».
 - + ISIN number (code)
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - shares and other equity (equity)
 - + nominal capital (*nominalAmount*)
 - + currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*)
- The following data must be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - shares and other equity (*equity*)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

January 2016



5.2.3.4 Information for debt securities without an ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - + type of code (*codeType*)
 - The type of code must be «2».
 - identification code (code)
 In this case it is an internal code given by the reporting agent.
 - + name of the security (*name*)
 - + currency of the security (*currency*)
 - identification of the issuer (issuerID)
 - country of the issuer (country)
 - + sector of the issuer (sector)
 - the supplementary information (supplements)
 - type of security (securityType)
 The type of security must be «F.3».
 - + date of issue (issueDate)
 - + date of final maturity (*finalMaturityDate*)
 - + pool factor (*poolFactor*)
 - + type of coupon (couponType)
 - + coupon frequency (couponFrequency)
 - payment date of the last coupon (lastCouponDate)
 - + coupon rate (couponRate)
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in percentage:
 - Debt securities (debt)
 - + nominal capital (nominalAmount)
 - + currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*)
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - securities other than shares (*debt*)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

5.2.3.5 Information for equity and investment fund shares without an ISIN code

• The following information must be provided for each security:

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



- identification of the security (securityID)
 - + type of code (codeType)
 - The type of code must be «2».
 - identification code (code)
 In this case, it is an internal code given by the reporting agent.
 - + name of the security (*name*)
 - + currency of the security (*currency*)
- identification of the issuer (issuerID)
 - + country of the issuer (*country*)
 - + sector of the issuer (sector)
- supplementary information (supplements)
 - type of security (securityType)
 The type of security must be «F.511» for quoted shares, «F.512» for unquoted shares, «F.519» for other equity or «F.52» for shares/units of investment funds.
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - equity and investment fund shares/units (equity)
 - + nominal capital (nominalAmount)
 - + currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*)
- The following data must be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - Equity and investment fund shares/units (equity)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

5.2.3.6 Information for the balance sheet line

The following information must be provided for the balance sheet line:

sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount)

It is important to mention that the sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount) must be equal to the sum of the amounts (reportedAmount) reported for individual securities recorded in the same balance sheet line.

January 2016



5.2.4 Debt securities issued - item 2-003000

The information to be provided varies for securities with or without an ISIN code.

5.2.4.1 Common information for securities with or without an ISIN code

The following information must be provided for each security:

- balance sheet line (reportedLine)
 - item (item)
 - country (country)
 - currency (currency)
 - economic sector (sector)
- type of holding (holdSecurityType)
 The type of holding must be «04»
- reported amount (reportedAmount)

5.2.4.2 Information for securities with an ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - type of code (codeType)
 The type of code must be «1».
 - + ISIN number (code)
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - debt securities (debt)
 - + nominal capital (nominalAmount)
 - + currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*)
- The following data must only be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - debt securities (debt)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

5.2.4.3 Information for securities without an ISIN code

The following information must be provided for each security:

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»

- identification of the security (securityID)
 - + type of code (*codeType*)

The type of code must be «2».

- identification code (code)
 - In this case, it is an internal code given by the reporting agent.
- + name of the security (*name*)
- + currency of the security (*currency*)
- identification of the issuer (issuerID)
 - country of the issuer (country)
 The issuer country must be «LU».
 - + sector of the issuer (sector)

The issuer economic sector must be «45000» for insurance corporations.

- supplementary information (supplements)
 - type of security (securityType)
 The type of security must be «F.3»
 - + date of issue (issueDate)
 - + date of final maturity (*finalMaturityDate*)
 - + pool factor (*poolFactor*)
 - + type of coupon (couponType)
 - + coupon frequency (couponFrequency)
 - payment date of the last coupon (lastCouponDate)
 - + coupon rate (couponRate)
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - debt securities (debt)
 - + nominal capital (nominalAmount)
 - + currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*)
- The following data must only be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - debt securities (debt)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

January 2016



5.2.4.4 Information for the balance sheet line

The following information must be provided for the balance sheet line:

sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount)

It is important to mention that the sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount) must be equal to the sum of the amounts (reportedAmount) reported for individual securities recorded in the same balance sheet line.

5.2.5 Capital (Equity, shares and units issued) - item 2-005000

The information to be provided varies for securities with or without ISIN code.

5.2.5.1 Common information for securities with or without an ISIN code

The following information must be provided for each security:

- balance sheet line (*reportedLine*)
 - item (item)
 - country (country)
 - currency (currency)
 - economic sector (sector)
- type of holding (holdSecurityType)
- reported amount (reportedAmount)

5.2.5.2 Information for securities with an ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - type of code (codeType)
 The type of code must be «1».
 - + ISIN number (code)
- The following information must be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - shares and other equity (*equity*)
 - + nominal capital (nominalAmount)
 - + currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*)
- The following data must be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - shares and other equity (*equity*)
 - + number of individual securities (numberOfUnits)

January 2016

TPTASS «Security by security reporting of insurance corporations»



5.2.5.3 Information for securities without an ISIN code

- The following information must be provided for each security:
 - identification of the security (securityID)
 - type of code (codeType)
 The type of code must be «2».
 - identification code (code)
 In this case, it is an internal code given by the reporting agent.
 - + name of the security (*name*)
 - + currency of the security (currency)
 - identification of the issuer (issuerID)
 - country of the issuer (country)
 The issuer country must be «LU»
 - sector of the issuer (sector)
 The issuer economic sector must be «45000» for insurance corporations
 - supplementary information (supplements)
 - type of security (securityType)
 The type of security must be either «F.511» for quoted shares, either «F.512» for unquoted shares, either «F.519» for other equity.
- The following information must only be provided for securities quoted in percentage points:
 - shares and other equity (*equity*)
 - + nominal capital (*nominalAmount*)
 - + currency of the nominal (*nominalCurrency*)
- The following data must only be provided for securities quoted in monetary units:
 - shares and other equity (*equity*)
 - + number of individual securities (*numberOfUnits*)

5.2.5.4 Information for the balance sheet line

The following information must be provided for the balance sheet line:

• sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount)

January 2016



It is important to mention that the sum of the reported amounts (totalReportedAmount) must be equal to the sum of the amounts (reportedAmount) reported for individual securities recorded in the same balance sheet line.

January 2016

Page 28