



# **Target Consolidation Training**

Virtual Info session n°8 on Central Bank Operations

Minimum reserves, standing facilities, open market operations, intraday credit

2021-11-23

9h30 - 12h

**WEBEX EVENT** 

#### Event rules









6. **Q&A** 





- Make sure you respect the naming convention
  - First name = Full name (first name + last name)
  - Last name = Bank name
  - Email = Professional email address
- Camera off by default
- Microphone off by default
- Questions allowed in the chat or by raising hand
  - In case of too many questions, send your question to Target.conso@bcl.lu
- Do not forget to lower hand after having asked a question
- Be ready on mentimeter.com (1 answer per bank)
  - If several persons represent one bank, please answer once and if one person represents two banks, please answer twice (might require to re-log or a second connection)
  - Fully anonymous



# Training agenda

# TARGET CONSOLIDATION PROJECT BCL Training sessions for future MCA holders in Luxembourg 2021 Program

	What ?		When?	How long?	Who attends?		
n°	Торіс	details	Event Date 2021	Session format	Configuration A A2A + U2A	Configuration B U2A only	Configuration C
1	Registration forms	How to fill in the form and send it to the BCL?	12-oct	1h morning Session	YES	YES	YES
2	Connectivity	Focus on connectivity testing and upcoming milestones	28-sept	1h morning Session	YES	YES	NO
3	Introduction - Basic concepts	Vision 2020, ESMIG, A2A vs U2A, MCA vs DCA	17-nov	1h morning Session	YES	YES	YES
4	Introduction - Business day	New Business day in TARGET services	17-nov	1h morning Session	YES	YES	Optional
5	CRDM Reference data - Basics	Account details and how to create users ? How to assign roles and privileges ?	22-nov	1h morning Session	YES	YES	NO
6	CRDM Reference data - Configuration	How to configure my account ? How to set-up reports and messages ?	22-nov	1h morning Session	YES	YES	NO
7	CLM - Liquidity management	How do I manage my liquidity in CLM?	23-nov	1h morning Session	YES	YES	NO
8	CLM - CB services	Central bank services: Minimum reserves, Standing Facilities, etc	23-nov	1h morning Session	YES	YES	NO
9	CLM - ISO 20022 messages	Focus on CLM ISO 20022 key messages	23-nov	1h morning Session	YES	NO	NO
10	RTGS - Liquidity management	How to manage liquidity on RTGS? Interaction with other services	24-nov	1h morning Session	YES if RTGS	YES if RTGS	NO
11	RTGS - Payments	How do I instruct a payment?	24-nov	1h morning Session	YES if RTGS	YES if RTGS	NO
12	RTGS - ISO 20022 messages	Focus on RTGS ISO 20022 key messages	24-nov	1h morning Session	YES if RTGS	NO	NO
13	Testing and migration	Testing and migration in 2022	25-nov	1h morning Session	YES	YES	NO
14	Additionnal features	Billing, datawarehouse	25-nov	1h morning Session	YES	YES	NO
15	Co-management	Focus on co-manager activities	26-nov	1h morning Session	YES if co-manager	YES if co-manager	Optional
16	Co-management	Focus on co-managees activities	26-nov	1h morning Session	Optional	Optional	YES

# Agenda

- 0. Welcome
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Minimum reserves
  - 2.0 Overview
  - 2.1 The basics
  - 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves
  - 2.3 Minimum reserve interests
  - 2.4 Minimum reserve penalties
- 3. Standing facilities
  - 3.1 Overnight deposits
  - 3.2 Marginal lending on request MLOR
  - 3.3 Automatic marginal lending AML
  - 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities
- 4. Open market operations OMO
- 5. Credit line and intraday credit
  - 5.1 Monitoring credit line
  - 5.2 Monitoring intraday credit
- 6. Closing of the event





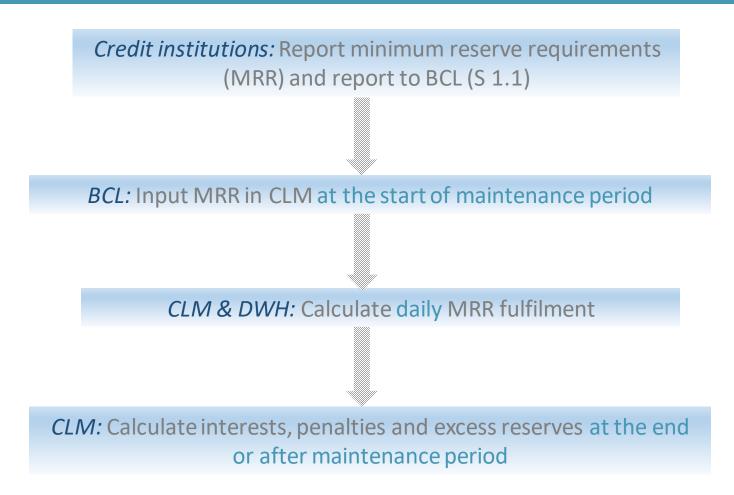
# 1. Introduction



# Monitor MR (Credit Institution)

## 2. Minimum reserves

#### 2.0 Overview



Monitor MR (BCL)

#### 2.1 The basics

What are the options to hold MRR?

Credit institutions established in the euro area are required to hold deposits on accounts with their national central bank, i.e. **minimum reserve requirements (MRR)**. Minimum reserves are remunerated at the MRO rate (currently 0 %) and excess reserves the minimum rate between the deposit facility rate (currently -0,5 %) and 0 %.

In September 2019, the ECB introduced a **two-tier system** for reserve remuneration, which exempts part of credit institutions' excess liquidity holdings from the negative remuneration at the rate applicable on the deposit facility.

#### **CLM** *offers* the following possibilities for MRR fulfillment:

- Direct
- Indirect through an another credit institution (only possible in special cases and based on a duly motivated request)
- In a pool of reserve accounts

#### 2.1 The basics

How to define my MRR?

#### No changes compared to today

- ➤ The credit institution defines its MRR based on the elements of the balance sheet and reports the figures monthly to the BCL through a specific statistical report (S1.1)
- ➤ BCL verifies the S1.1 calculation and contacts the credit institution only if corrections are necessary. Otherwise, the reported amount is to be considered correct and should be respected by the credit institution as the MRR.

#### 2.1 The basics

How does CLM help to check the respect of MRR?

#### **Reminder:**

Current accounts (type 041 or 042) and reserve accounts (type 030) will be closed. Consequently, transfers to and from the reserve account will not take place anymore. Moreover, no need to move cash in a specific account for minimum reserve purposes.

- On the first day of the maintenance period, BCL inputs in CLM the MRR.
- On a daily basis, CLM calculates the MRR fulfillment (see next slide).
- At the end of the maintenance period, BCL calculates the interests and penalties.

#### 2.1 The basics

How does CLM help to check the respect of MRR?

**CLM** executes the following daily calculations (see slide 13)

- Accumulation of balances: Sum of all relevant End of Day balances (MCAs and DCAs, T2S & TIPS accounts) of the cash accounts to be included in the minimum reserve calculation\*.
- Running average: Arithmetic mean of the accumulated balances from the first business day of the current maintenance period until the last business day.
- Adjustment balance: CLM compares the running average with the MRR.

In case the running average is below the MRR, the adjustment balance is the amount needed at the end of the business day in order to fulfil the MRR on a daily basis until the end of the maintenance period.

<sup>\*</sup>It is possible to exclude the balance of a specific account from minimum reserve calculation (configured by BCL in CRDM).

# 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

Can I monitor my minimum reserve fulfilment?

- In the new T2, MRR management will take place in **CLM**.
- ➤ As a result, credit institutions will be given the means to monitor <u>themselves</u> the fulfilment of MRR.
- Credit institutions can monitor on a daily basis the running average and the adjustment balance in CLM.

# 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

How to monitor minimum reserve fulfilment in U2A?

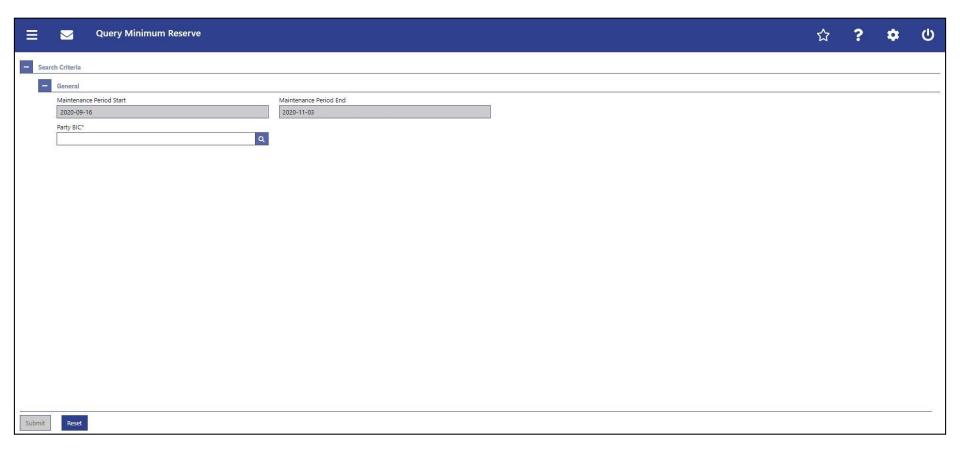
- CLM GUI path: >> Minimum Reserves >> Query Minimum Reserve
- Privileges: CLM\_QueryMinRes



# 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

How to monitor minimum reserve fulfilment in U2A?

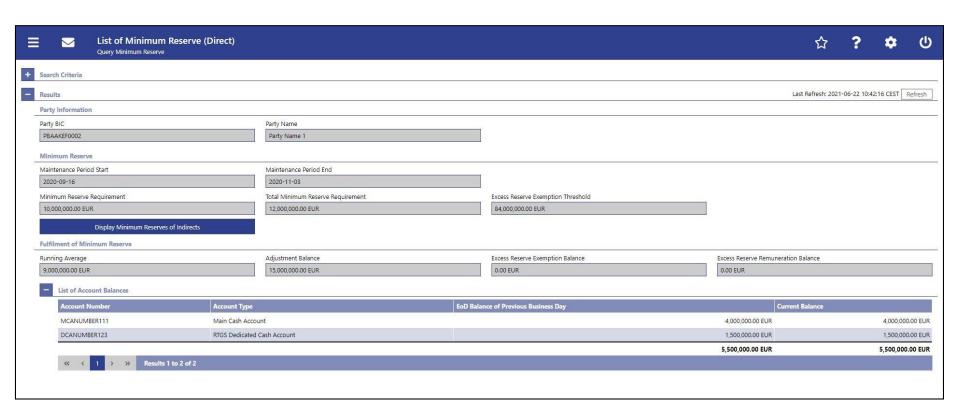
- CLM GUI path: >> Minimum Reserves >> Query Minimum Reserve
- Privileges: CLM\_QueryMinRes



# 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

How to monitor minimum reserve fulfilment in U2A?

- <u>CLM</u> GUI path: =>> Minimum Reserves >> Query Minimum Reserve >> [Submit]
- Privileges: CLM\_QueryMinRes



# 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

How to monitor minimum reserve fulfilment in A2A?

➤ The following messages are used to monitor MR fulfilment in CLM

Message type	Use case	Sent by
camt.003 GetAccount	Request minimum reserve balances	Business sender
camt.004 ReturnAccount	Provide the requested minimum reserve fulfilment information for the current minimum reserve maintenance period.	CLM

Detailed information is available in the CLM UDFS Section 12. List of messages

## 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

Besides CLM, are there other sources of information for MRR?

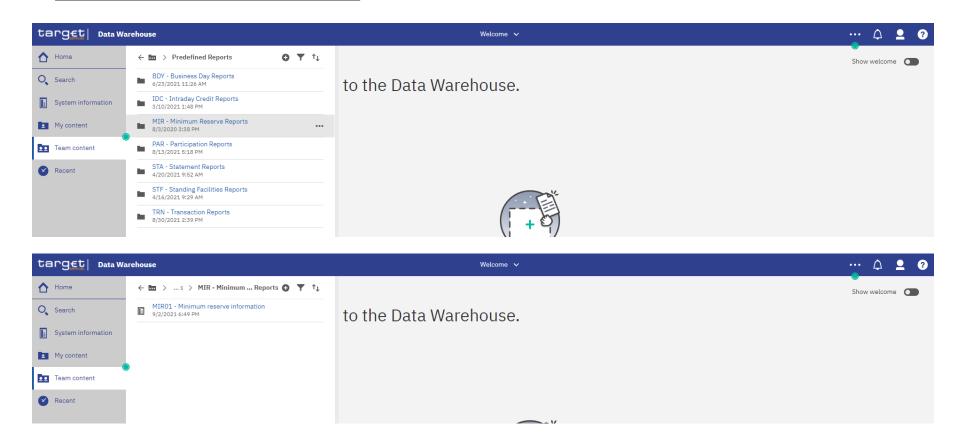
- ➤ Credit institutions also have access to the **DWH** module where reports related to minimum reserves can be retrieved in U2A or in A2A (more information on DWH in separate info session)
- The following report is available: MIR01 Minimum reserve information
- ➤ MIRO1 provides periodic information on the MR requirements their fulfilment and the associated (accrued/pro rata) interests.
- MIR01 is available for each reserve maintenance period

<u>Note:</u> As the report is required to display accrued interests (interests will be shown pro rata within an ongoing reserve maintenance period), the interest amounts shown are derived from calculations (and not from interest payments). The final (calculated) interest amounts are displayed as soon as all data for a respective reserve maintenance period is available in the DWH.

## 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

Besides CLM, are there other sources of information for MRR?

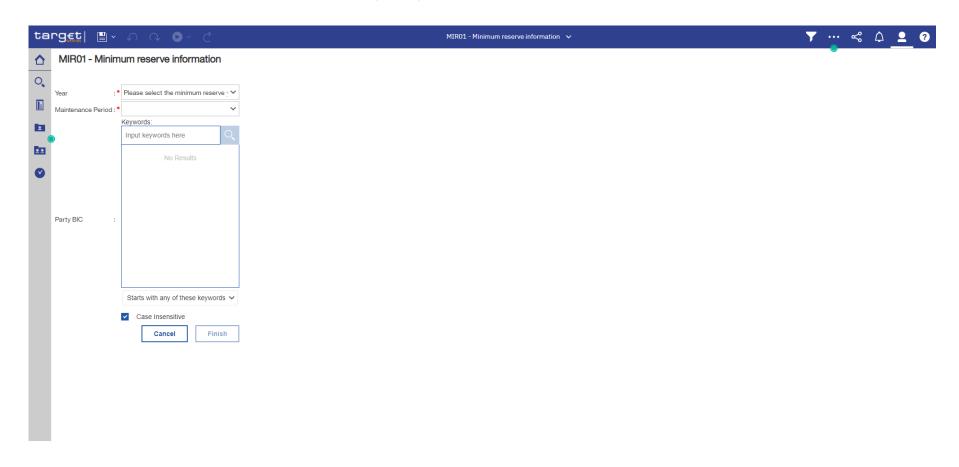
<u>DWH</u> path: [Team Content] >> [Predefined Reports] >> [MIR – Minimum Reserve Reports] >> MIR01 – Minimum reserve information



## 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

Besides CLM, are there other sources of information for MRR?

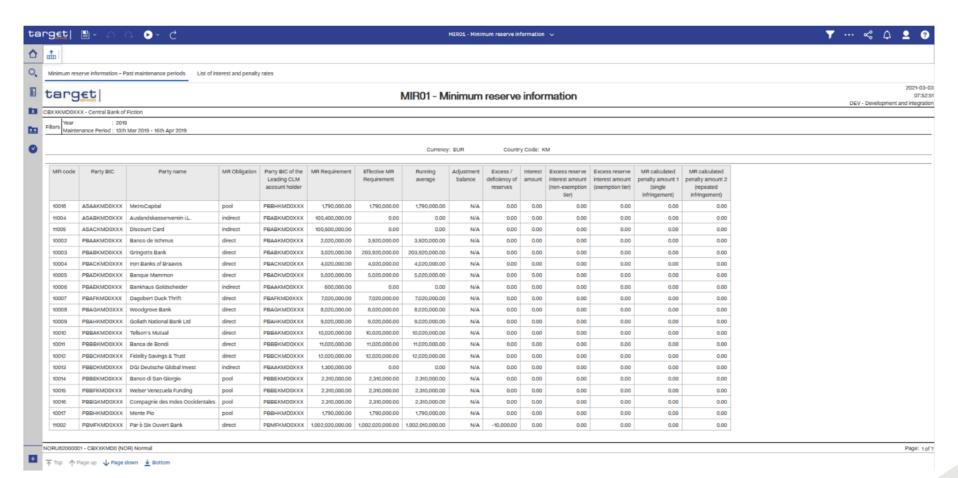
MIR01 – Minimum reserve information: prompt



#### 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

Besides CLM, are there other sources of information for MRR?

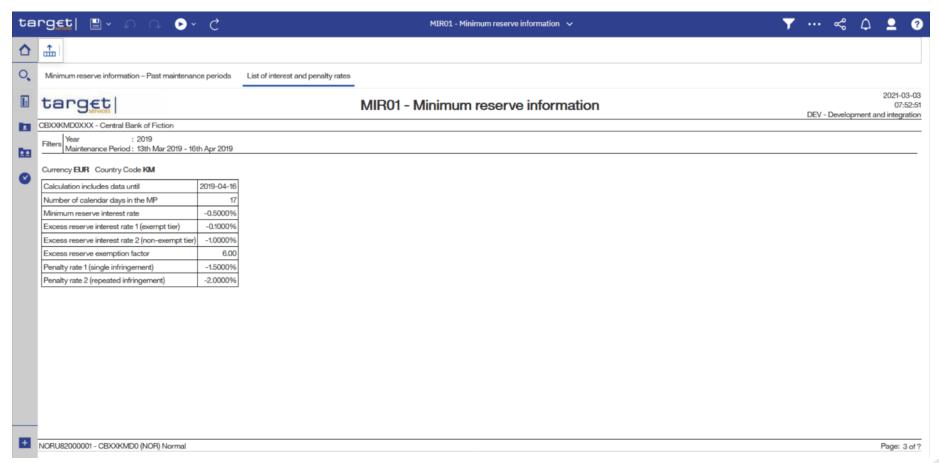
MIR01 – Minimum reserve information: output (1) Minimum reserve information – Past maintenance periods



# 2.2 Monitoring minimum reserves

Besides CLM, are there other sources of information for MRR?

MIR01 – Minimum reserve information: output (2) List of interest and penalty rates



#### 2.3 Minimum reserve interests

How are minimum reserve interests applied?

#### At the end of the maintenance period:

- > CLM calculates interests on:
  - Minimum reserve requirements (current rate = 0%)
  - Exempted excess reserves (current rate = 0%)
  - Non-exempted excess reserves (current rate = 0,5%)
- CLM generates the respective interest payment orders\* that will:

Debit the MCA (if negative interest) or credit the MCA (if positive interest)

No payment order is generated if the interest is zero.

<sup>\*</sup> System-generated payment order type

#### 2.3 Minimum reserve interests

Does CLM calculate the two-tier excess reserve?

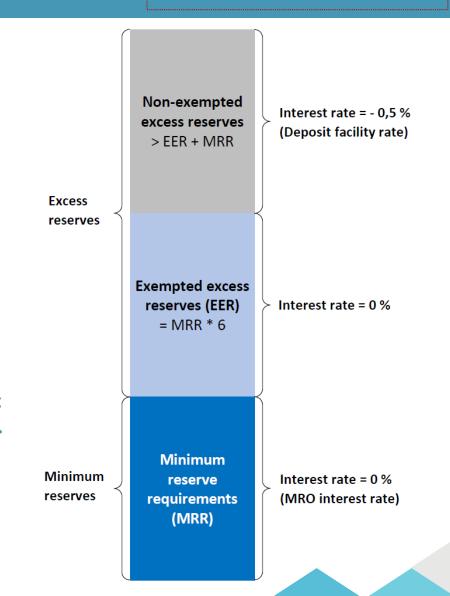
Excess reserves are the amount that was held in average above the MRR.

At the end of the maintenance period, **CLM** calculates:

- the exempted excess reserves
- the non-exempted excess reserves

If the minimum reserve requirement is set to zero, all positive balances will be handled as non-exempted excess reserves.

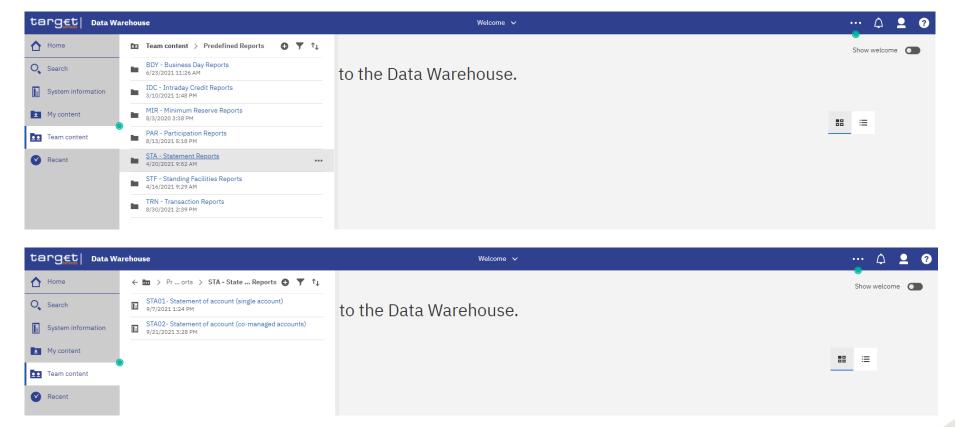
NOTE: BCL will no longer send details of interests for minimum reserves and excess reserves to credit institutions at the end of each maintenance period.



#### 2.3 Minimum reserve interests

How do I recognise a debit/credit from minimum reserve interests/penalties in U2A?

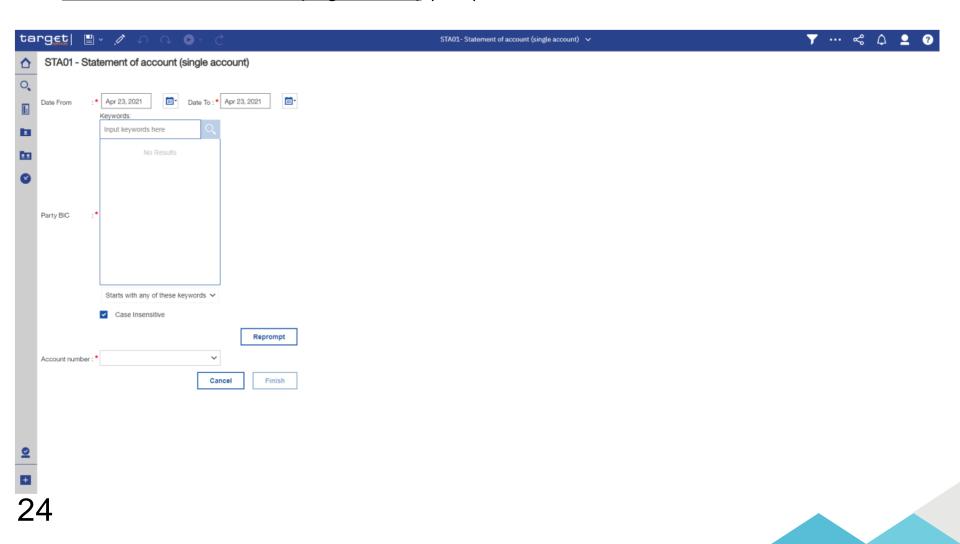
<u>DWH</u> path: [Team Content] >> [Predefined Reports] >> [STA – Statement Records] >> <u>STA01 – Statement of account (single account)</u>



#### 2.3 Minimum reserve interests

How do I recognise a debit/credit from minimum reserve interests/penalties in U2A?

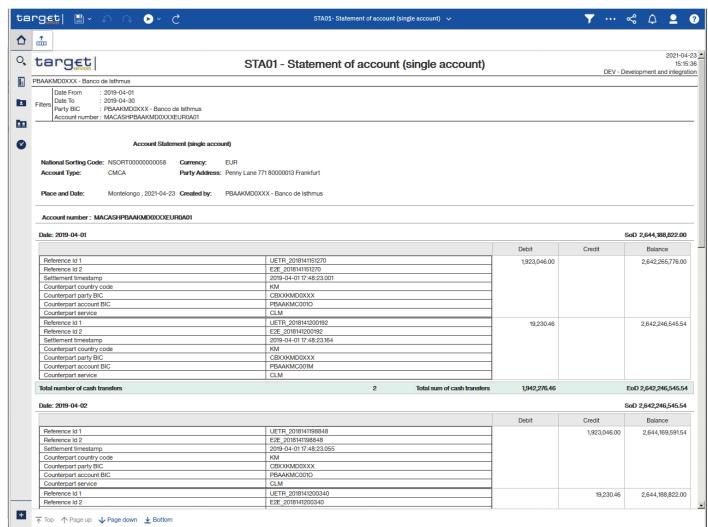
STA01 – Statement of account (single account): prompt



#### 2.3 Minimum reserve interests

How do I recognise a debit/credit from minimum reserve interests/penalties in U2A?

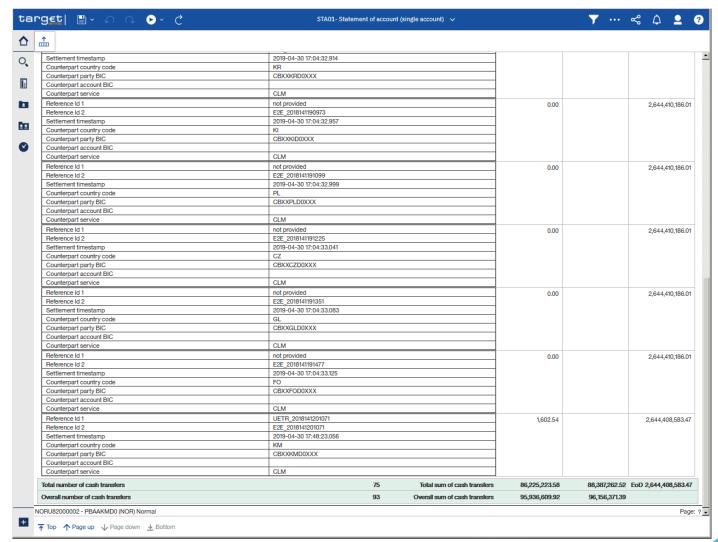
> STA01 – Statement of account (single account): output part 1



#### 2.3 Minimum reserve interests

How do I recognise a debit/credit from minimum reserve interests/penalties in U2A?

STA01 – Statement of account (single account): output part 2



#### 2.3 Minimum reserve interests

How do I recognise a debit/credit from minimum reserve interests/penalties in A2A?

The credit institution is informed of these movements based on an (optional) subscription to the following messages:

camt.054 – BankToCustomerDebitCreditNotification

camt.053 - BankToCustomerStatement

which contain specific codes related to Minimum Reserve transactions in the <u>Local Instrument Proprietary</u> element

Path:/Document/BkToCstmrStmt/Stmt/Ntry/NtryDtls/TxDtls/LclInstrm/Prtry

	Minimum reserve
MRIN	Interest on minimum reserve
MRPN	Penalties
MRER	Interest on excess reserve – Tier 1
MREX	Interest on excess reserve – Tier 2

#### 2.3 Minimum reserve interests

</Refs>

How do I recognise a debit/credit from minimum reserve interests/penalties in A2A?

```
Example camt.054
```

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```

</Document>

#### 2.3 Minimum reserve interests

How do I recognise a debit/credit from *minimum reserve interests/penalties in A2A?* 

#### Example camt.054

```
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                      - <Pty>
                         - <Id>
                             - <OraId>
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                           </Id>
                        </Pty>
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                        </FinInstnId>
                    </InstdAgt>
                 </RltdAgts>
               <LclInstrm>
                    <Prtry>MRER</Prtry>
                 </LclInstrm>
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          </NtryDtls>
      </Ntry>
   </Ntfctn>
</BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn>
```

## 2.4 Minimum reserve penalties

How are minimum reserve's penalties applied?

The procedures on penalty verification and consultation with the credit institutions are the same as today.

If <u>MRR are not respected</u>, **CLM** sends the penalty information to BCL. The latter provides the penalty rate and approves the penalty.

**CLM** creates the penalty payment order that will debit the MCA.

# 3.1 Overnight deposits

Shall I contact BCL to initiate an OD?

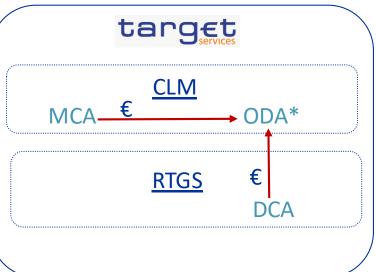
(Only for eligible credit institutions)

- ➤ OD management will take place in CLM and not in BCL books anymore.
- ➤ As a result, credit institutions can initiate themselves an OD directly in CLM without the involvement of BCL.

➤ Multiple OD orders can be placed during the same business day on the OD account (DCA).



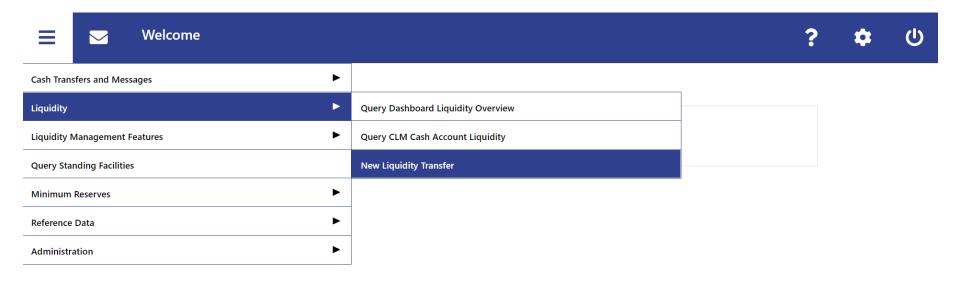
\*Overnight Deposit Account – opened in the name of the credit institution but belonging to the BCL



# 3.1 Overnight deposits

How shall I initiate an OD in U2A?

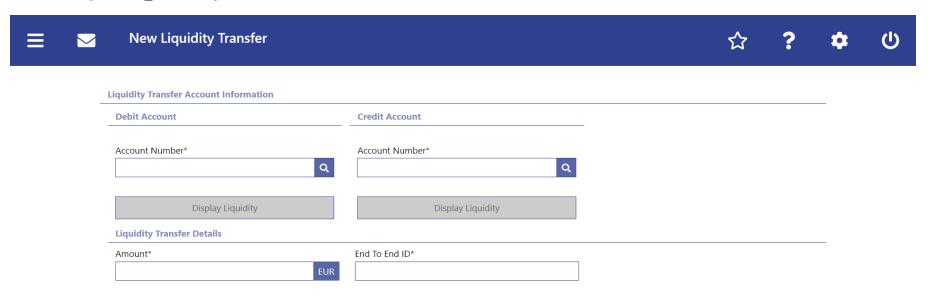
- CLM GUI path: >>> Liquidity >> New Liquidity Transfer
- Privileges: CLM\_IniOveDep



# 3.1 Overnight deposits

How shall I initiate an OD in U2A?

- CLM GUI path: >> Liquidity >> New Liquidity Transfer
- Privileges: CLM IniOveDep



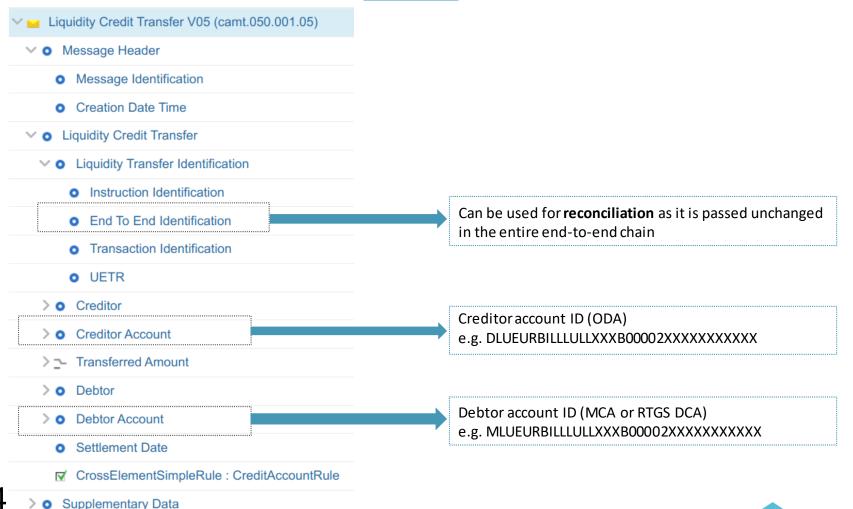




# 3.1 Overnight deposits

How shall I initiate an OD in A2A?

➤ An OD must be initiated using the <u>camt.050</u> LiquidityCreditTransfer message



# 3.1 Overnight deposits

Can I reverse an OD?

- An OD can be reversed totally or partially by requesting a debit of the ODA and a credit of MCA/DCA.
- ➤ Multiple OD can be placed and reversed until the "General cut-off for standing facilities" at 18:15 (18:30 on the last day of the minimum reserve period)
- ➤ Liquidity transfers initiated for an OD will be executed immediately and will not be placed in the queue or partially settled

# 3.1 Overnight deposits

How are OD interests applied?

#### On the next business day (around 19:00)

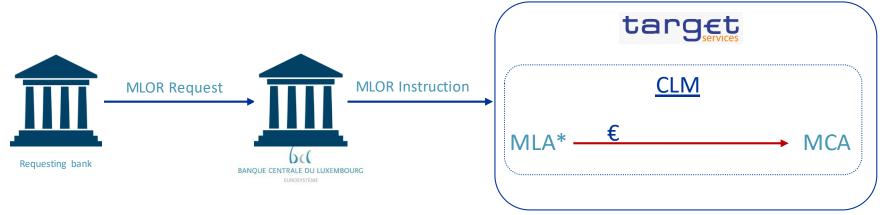
- ➤ CLM creates a system generated order for the OD reimbursement that will debit the ODA and credit the MCA (not the DCAs from which the OD might have been initiated).
- > CLM generates the respective interest payment order that will debit the MCA (if negative interest) or credit the MCA (if positive interest).
- No payment order is generated if the interest is zero.

### 3.2 Marginal lending on request - MLOR

How do I request a marginal lending to BCL?

(Only for eligible credit institutions with sufficient collateral available)

- The requesting credit institution contacts BCL in order to communicate details about the amount required for the marginal lending on request (MLOR).
- The credit institution can request the MLOR <u>until</u> the cut-off for standing facilities at 18:15 (18:30 on the last day of the minimum reserve period).
- ➤ BCL initiates the MLOR in CLM (debit of the MLA, credit of the MCA) <u>until</u> the CB cutoff for MLOR at 18:40 (18:55 on the last day of the minimum reserve period).



\*Marginal Lending Account – opened in the name of the credit institution but belonging to the BCL

### 3.2 Marginal lending on request - MLOR

How are MLOR interests applied?

### On the next business day (around 19:00)

- ➤ CLM creates a system generated order for the MLOR reimbursement that will debit the MCA and credit the MLA.
- CLM generates the respective interest payment order (debit the MCA).

### 3.3 Automatic marginal lending - AML

How does AML work in CLM?

(Only for eligible credit institutions with sufficient collateral available)

- An overall negative balance of a credit institution is automatically considered as a request for recourse to the marginal lending facility.
- > AML is an automatic process performed by **CLM** at the end of the business day
- ➤ The AML is used to transform an intraday credit into an overnight credit at the end of the business day in case the <u>aggregated balance</u> on all of the cash accounts is negative.
- ➤ The calculated overall <u>aggregated balance</u> is the sum of all balances of the credit institution's MCAs and DCAs (in RTGS, T2S and TIPS).
- > CLM automatically generates the orders to create and reimburse AML and to apply the interests.

### 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

How can I monitor my SF activity in U2A?

- CLM GUI path: >> Query Standing Facilities
- Privileges: CLM\_QueryStaFac



### 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

How can I monitor my SF activity in U2A?

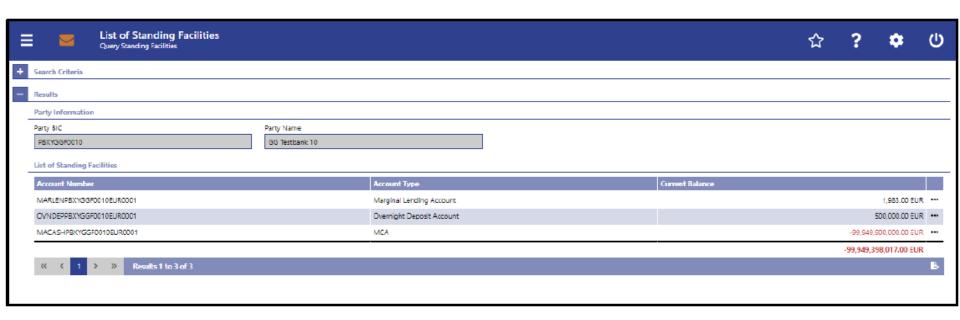
- CLM GUI path: >> Query Standing Facilities
- Privileges: CLM\_QueryStaFac



### 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

How can I monitor my SF activity in U2A?

- CLM GUI path: >> Query Standing Facilities >> [Submit]
- Privileges: CLM\_QueryStaFac



### 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

How can I monitor my SF activity in A2A?

> SF information can be received using the following messages:

Message type	Use case	Sent by
camt.003 GetAccount	Request ODA/MLA cash account balance	Business sender
camt.004 ReturnAccount	Provide the requested balance information according to the specified search criteria or data scope	CLM
camt.005 GetTransaction	Request information related to standing facility operations	Business sender
camt.005 ReturnTransaction	Provides the requested information according to the specified search criteria	CLM
camt.053 BankToCustomerStatement	Reports all settled entries for the closed business day on the MCA/DCA or ODA/MLA	CLM
camt.054	Confirm the credit or debit of a SF related entry on the	
BankToCustomerDebitCreditNotification	MCA/DCA (not on the MLA or ODA!)	CLM

Detailed information is available in the CLM UDFS Section 12. List of messages

### 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

How can I monitor my SF activity in A2A?

The credit institution is informed of these movements based on an (optional) subscription to the following messages:

camt.054 - BankToCustomerDebitCreditNotification

camt.053 – BankToCustomerStatement

which contain specific codes related to standing facilities transactions in the <u>Local Instrument Proprietary</u> element

Path: /Document/BkToCstmrStmt/Stmt/Ntry/NtryDtls/TxDtls/LclInstrm/Prtry

Overnight deposit			
ODSU	Overnight deposit - Setting up		
ODRV	Overnight deposit - Reverse		
ODRF	Overnight deposit - Refunding		
ODIN	Overnight deposit - Interest		

Marginal lending				
AMLS	Automatic marginal lending - Setting up connected payment			
AMLR	Automatic marginal lending - Reimbursement connected payment			
MLRS	Marginal lending on request - Setting up (till ECMS go-live)			
MLRR	Marginal lending on request - Reimbursement (till ECMS go-live)			
MLRV	Marginal lending on request - Reverse (till ECMS go-live)			
MLIN	Marginal lending interest (till ECMS go-live)			

### 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

Are there other sources of information for SF?

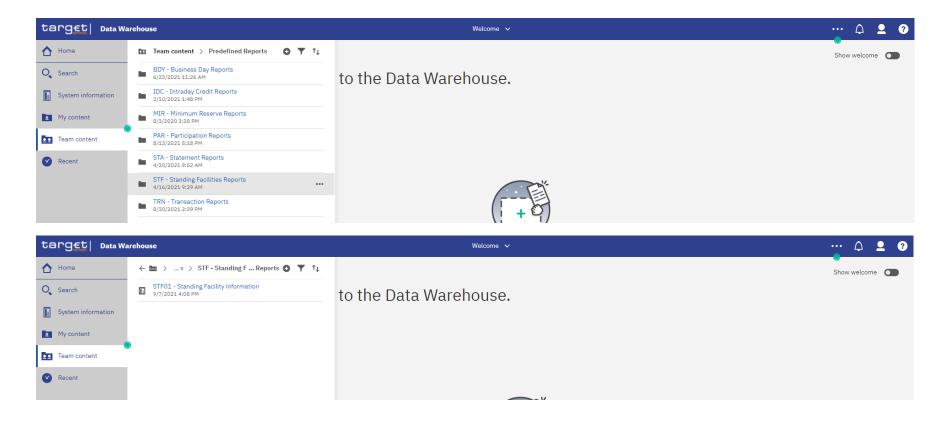
- ➤ Credit institutions have access to the DWH module where reports related to standing facilities can be retrieved in U2A or in A2A (more information on DWH in separate info session)
- ➤ The following report is available: <u>STF01 Standing facility information</u>
- > STF01 provides daily information on the use of standing facilities within a given data range and is split in two parts: marginal lending and overnight deposit.
- ➤ STF01 reports for each facility and day the set-up amount, the refund amount and the interest amount. For the marginal lending facility, the reported amounts include both, the use of marginal lending on request and the use of automated marginal lending.

<u>Note:</u> After the launch of Eurosystem Collateral Management System (ECMS) this report will only provide information on the use of the overnight deposit facility as major parts of the marginal lending facility will be no more handled by CLM, but by ECMS.

## 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

Are there other sources of information for SF?

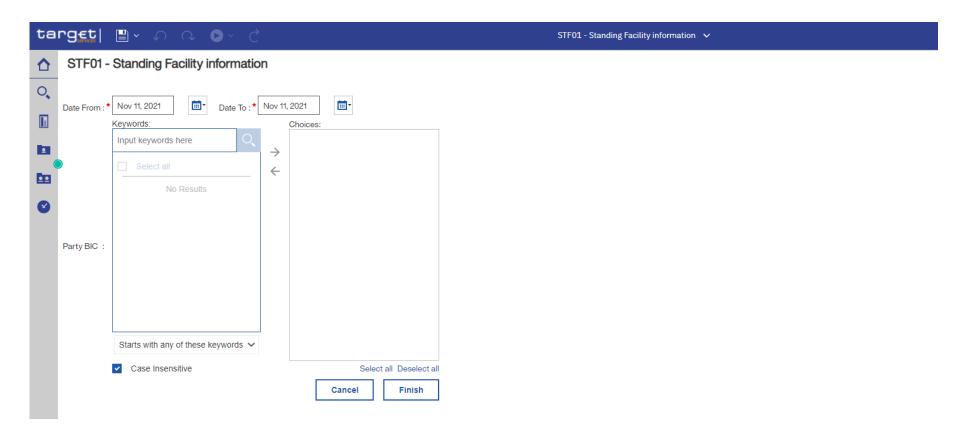
<u>DWH</u> path: [Team Content] >> [Predefined Reports] >> [STF – Standing Facilities Reports] >> <u>STF01 – Standing Facility information</u>



### 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

Are there other sources of information for SF?

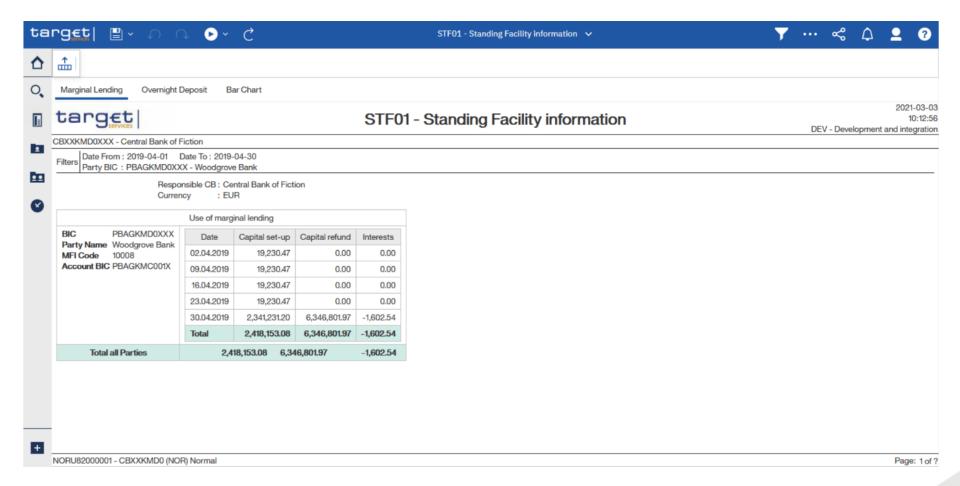
<u>DWH</u> path: [Team Content] >> [Predefined Reports] >> [STF – Standing Facilities Reports] >> <u>STF01 – Standing Facility information</u>



## 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

Are there other sources of information for SF?

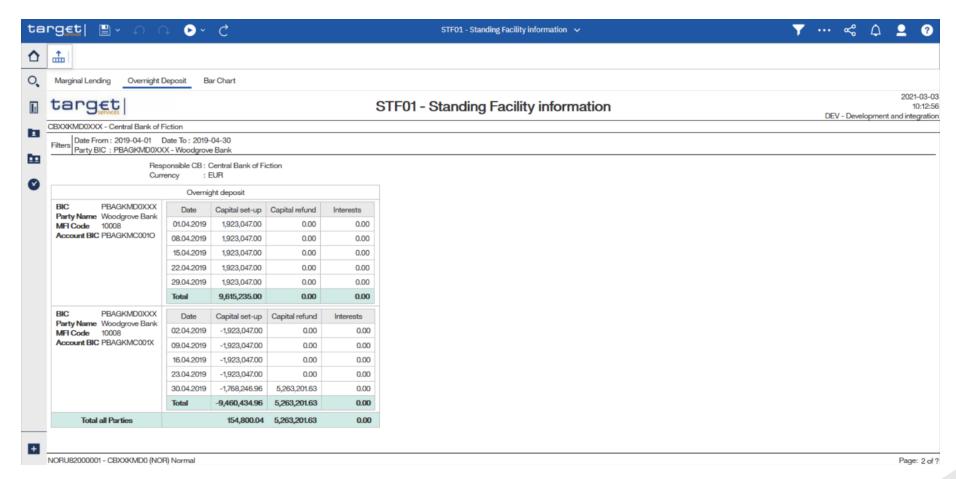
STF01 – Standing Facility information: output (1) Marginal Lending



## 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

Are there other sources of information for SF?

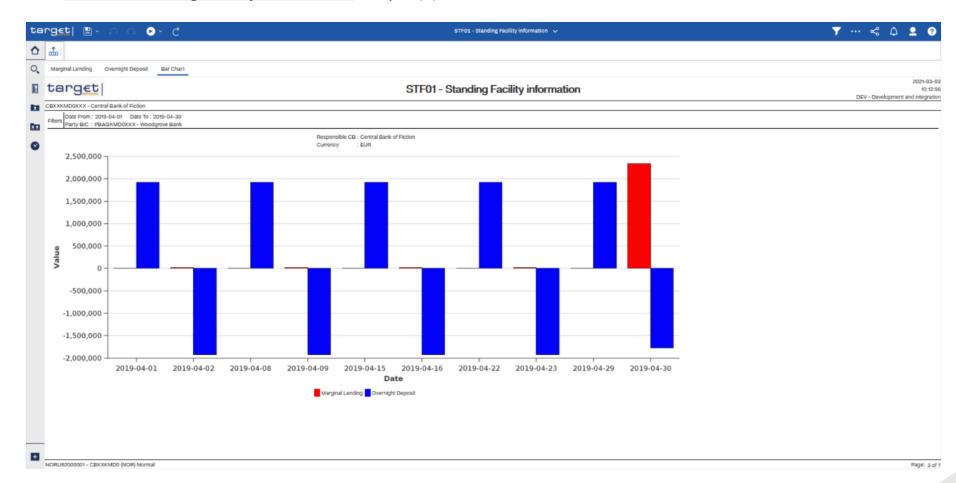
> STF01 – Standing Facility information: output (2) Overnight Deposit



## 3.4 Monitoring standing facilities

Are there other sources of information for SF?

> STF01 – Standing Facility information: output (3) Bar Chart



# 4. Open market operations – OMO

Shall I still receive MT messages related to OMO?

- ➤ OMO procedures <u>continue as before</u>. BCL will continue to exchange MT messages (e.g. MT399 and MT320) with credit institutions!
- The only change concerns the settlement which will take place in **CLM** in the future:
  - At the start of the OMO, BCL will credit the allotted amount on the credit institution's MCA.
  - At maturity, BCL will debit the same MCA for the <u>reimbursement</u> of the tender and for the payment of <u>interests</u>.
- ➤ The credit institution is informed of these movements based on an (optional) subscription to the **camt.054** and/or **camt.053** messages if A2A (or by consulting the account movements in CLM if U2A)

### 5.1 Monitoring credit line

How can I monitor my credit line in U2A?

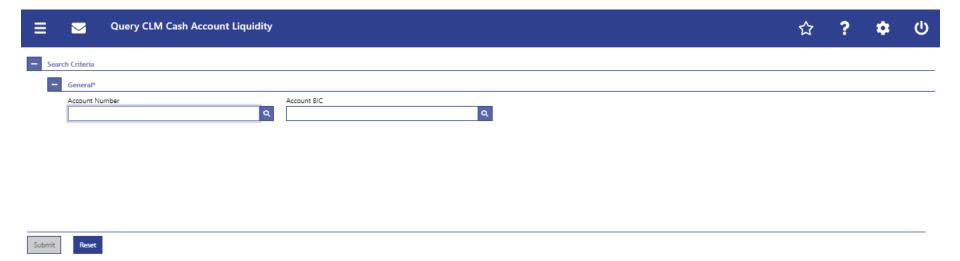
- CLM GUI path: >> Liquidity >> Query CLM Cash Account Liquidity
- Privileges: CLM\_QueryAvaLiq



5.1 Monitoring credit line

How can I monitor my credit line in U2A?

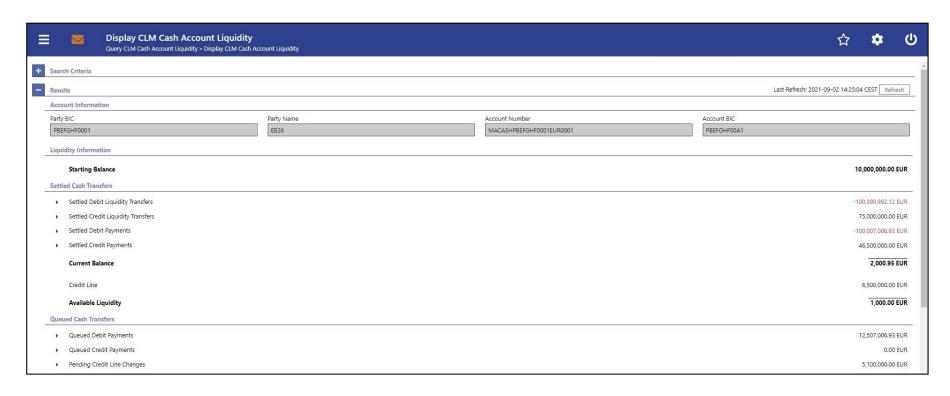
- CLM GUI path: >> Liquidity >> Query CLM Cash Account Liquidity
- Privileges: CLM\_QueryAvaLiq



### 5.1 Monitoring credit line

How can I monitor my credit line in U2A?

- CLM GUI path: >>> Liquidity >> Query CLM Cash Account Liquidity >> [Submit]
- Privileges: CLM\_QueryAvaLiq



### 5.1 Monitoring credit line

How can I monitor my credit line in A2A?

Credit line information can be received using the following messages

Message type	Use case	Sent by
camt.003 GetAccount	Request CLM cash account balances and credit line information (if granted, only relevant for the default MCA)	Business sender
camt.004 ReturnAccount	Provide the requested balance information according to the specified search criteria or data scope.	CLM

> Detailed information is available in the CLM UDFS chapter 12 List of messages

### 5.1 Monitoring credit line

How am I notified of a change in the credit line in A2A?

The credit institution is informed of these movements based on an (optional) subscription to the following messages:

camt.054 – BankToCustomerDebitCreditNotification camt.053 – BankToCustomerStatement

which contain the code CDLN = Credit line modification

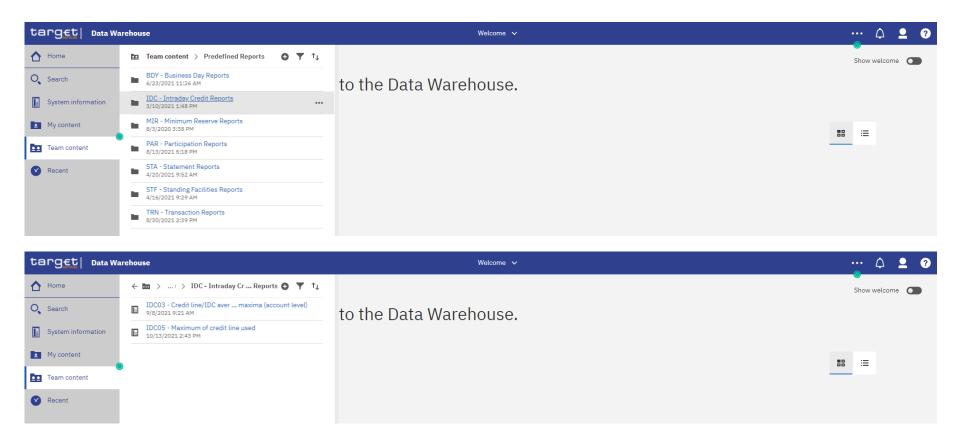
in the Local Instrument Proprietary element

<u>Path:</u>/Document/BkToCstmrStmt/Stmt/Ntry/NtryDtls/TxDtls/LclInstrm/Prtry

### 5.2 Monitoring intraday credit

How can I monitor my intraday credit?

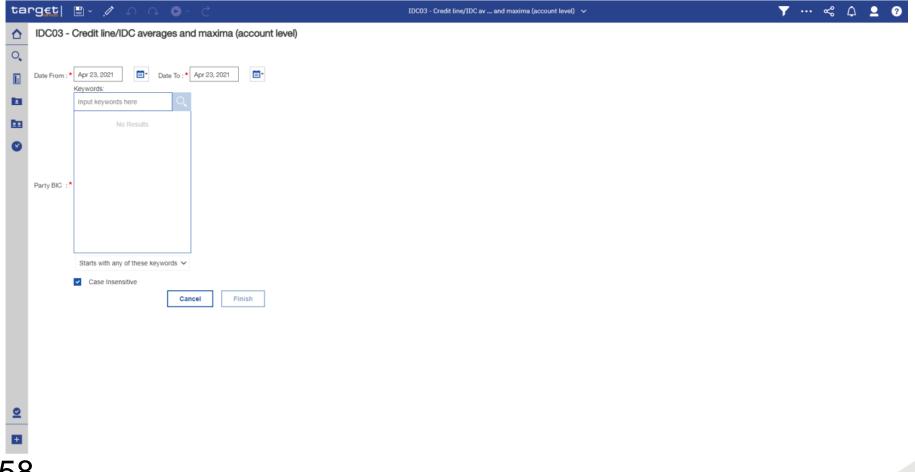
<u>DWH</u> path: [Team Content] >> [Predefined Reports] >> [IDC – Intraday Credit Reports] >> <u>IDC03 – Credit line/IDC averages and maxima (account level)</u>



### 5.2 Monitoring intraday credit

How can I monitor my intraday credit?

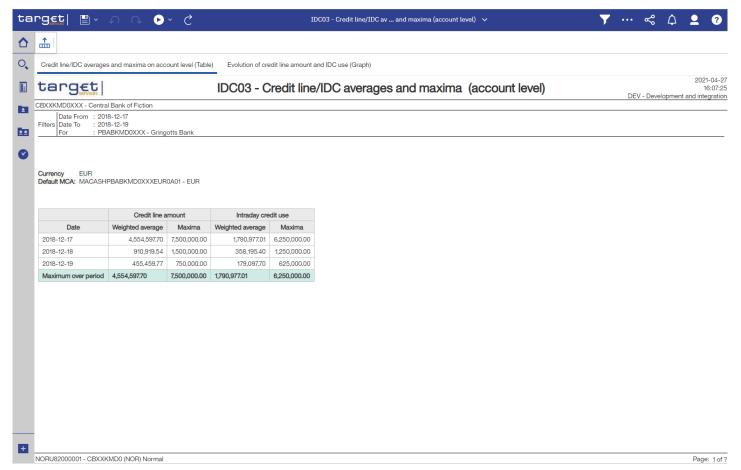
<u>DWH</u> path: [Team Content] >> [Predefined Reports] >> [IDC – Intraday Credit Reports] >> <u>IDC03 – Credit line/IDC averages and maxima (account level)</u>



### 5.2 Monitoring intraday credit

How can I monitor my intraday credit?

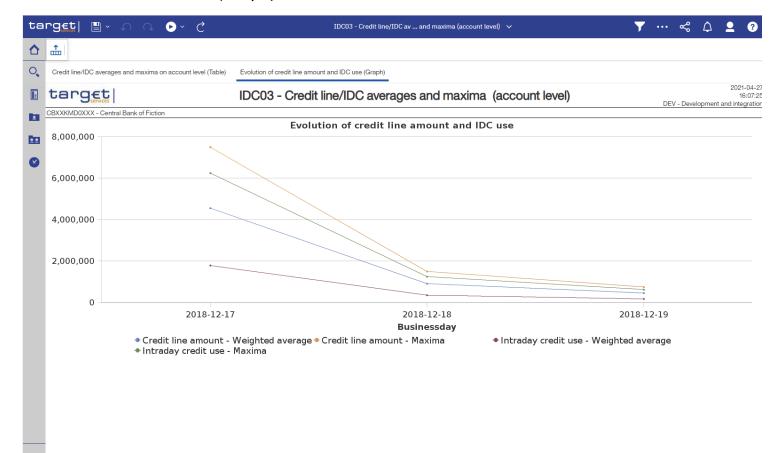
IDC03 – Credit line/IDC averages and maxima (account level): output (1) Credit line/IDC averages and maxima on account level (Table)



### 5.2 Monitoring intraday credit

How can I monitor my intraday credit?

➤ <u>IDC03 – Credit line/IDC averages and maxima (account level)</u>: output (2) Evolution of credit line amount and IDC use (Graph)



### **Event Closure**

# Any questions?

Documentation: <a href="https://www.ecb.europa.eu/paym/target/consolidation/profuse/html/index.en.html">https://www.ecb.europa.eu/paym/target/consolidation/profuse/html/index.en.html</a>

#### **CLM UDFS**

Basic information on Minimum reserves, overnight deposits and marginal lending are available under:

Chapter 5.5 Minimum reserve management and interest calculation Chapter 5.6 Standing facilities management

#### **CLM User handbook**

Data Warehouse (DWH) UDFS

Data Warehouse (DWH) User handbook